## **CSCI 2330 – Struct Exercises**

Consider the struct definition below and a main function that uses this struct:

```
typedef struct {
    int x;
    int y;
    int z;
    } thing;
    thing;
    thing;
    void main() {
        thing s1;
        thing s2 = s1;
        thing s3 = malloc(sizeof(thing));
        thing* s3 = malloc(sizeof(thing));
    }
}
```

1. Assuming this struct type is stored in 12 bytes, how many distinct 12-byte structs are created when the above function is executed?

2. Below is a Java method called **zero** that initializes the fields of a given **JavaThing** object to 0:

```
public void zero(JavaThing t) {
    t.x = 0;
    t.y = 0;
    t.z = 0;
}
```

Rewrite the **zero** method as a C function that operates on a **thing** struct as defined above.

3. Write a snippet of C code that initializes all the structs created in the main function given previously (using variables s1, s2, s3, s4) by calling your zero function. Note that the number of calls to zero that you write should be equal to your answer to Q1 – i.e., you might not actually need to use all four of the variables.