2022-2023 Academic Year

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report

Campus Crime, Fire, Alcohol, and Illegal Drugs

For the Students, Faculty, and Staff of Bowdoin College and Prospective Students and Employees (2019, 2020, and 2021)

Bowdoin College
Office of Safety and Security
9 Bath Road
Brunswick, ME 04011
207-725-3458
bowdoin.edu/security
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Mission Statement

The mission of the Bowdoin College Office of Safety and Security is to serve the common good by doing for people—with fairness, dignity, and respect—to foster a safe and secure campus community that supports the educational, personal, and professional goals of all students, employees, and visitors.

The Bowdoin College Office of Safety and Security is accredited by the International Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators (IACLEA).
Emergency Procedures

LOCKDOWN

LOCKOUT

EVACUATE

SHelter

BRUNSWICK POLICE, FIRE, RESCUE
9-1-1

BOWDOIN SAFETY AND SECURITY
207-725-3500

Assault or Threat with a Deadly Weapon
- Run/Evacuate if it is safe
- Hide if you cannot evacuate in a secure room
  - Lock doors and windows
  - Keep silent
  - Wait for instructions or “All Clear” signal
- Fight only as a last resort

Bomb Threat
- Remain calm and follow instructions of emergency personnel

Building Evacuation
- When the building alarm is activated, evacuation is MANDATORY—do not assume it is a drill
- Do NOT use elevators
- Take only personal belongings (e.g., keys, jacket, bag)
- Close doors behind you as you exit
- Move to the primary or secondary rally point, whichever is safer

Fire
- Activate the nearest fire alarm pull station as you exit and follow the building evacuation procedures
- Notify occupants and help those needing assistance in the immediate area
- Close the doors as you exit to help confine the fire
- Evacuate the building through the nearest exit
- Do NOT reenter the building until authorized to do so by emergency personnel

Gas Leak, Fumes, or Vapors
- Activate the nearest fire alarm pull station as you exit and follow the building evacuation procedures
- Do NOT use light switches or electrical equipment

Medical Emergency
- Survey the scene as you approach, and only provide assistance if it is safe to do so
- If trained, administer first-aid, CPR, and/or AED
- Do not attempt to move the person unless necessary

Oil or Hazardous Material Spill
- If the incident is indoors, and if it is safe to do so, close all adjacent doors in order to isolate the area
- Do not attempt to clean up the material
- If a fire or explosion is or may be involved, activate the nearest fire alarm pull station and follow the building evacuation procedures

Suspicious Behavior
- Do NOT physically confront the person
- Do NOT let anyone into a locked room or building
- Do NOT block suspicious person’s access to an exit

Suspicious Object or Package
- Do NOT touch or disturb the object or package
- Do NOT use your cell phone near the object or package
- Evacuate the immediate area

Water Leak or Flooding
- If safe, secure vital equipment, records, and hazardous materials
- If safe, shut off nonessential electrical equipment
- Move to a safe area

Weather Emergency
- Take shelter
- Avoid unnecessary travel
- Follow official instructions
- Be prepared for power outage

Bowdoin

Revised 01/09/2018
INTRODUCTION

Bowdoin College is a safe campus, Brunswick is a safe town, and Maine is a safe state. Violent crime is exceedingly rare. Property crimes like theft are more likely. Bowdoin has a vigilant security department and Brunswick has a fine police force, but no College campus is a crime-free utopia.

It serves no purpose to victimize yourself with unwarranted fear. Most crimes are crimes of opportunity that are easily prevented with simple common sense and calm awareness. Do not walk alone at night in secluded or poorly lit areas. Do not engage in reckless, high-risk behavior. Do not prop your doors open. Do not leave drinks unattended at a party. And do not leave yourself defenseless or vulnerable by taking illicit drugs or becoming intoxicated.

Bowdoin does everything it can to create a safe environment, but ultimately you alone are responsible for your personal safety. Although campus safety is a community responsibility, your safety is largely determined by your choices. Together, with the common good in mind, we create a safe community by being aware, reporting suspicious activity, and caring for each other’s well-being.

Never hesitate to call the Office of Safety and Security at 207-725-3500 when you need help, when you sense that something is wrong, or when someone is in danger. Listen to your intuition and act.

The Office of Safety and Security is committed to your safety. With your help, we will keep Bowdoin one of the safest College campuses in the country.

Randy Nichols, Executive Director
Office of Safety and Security
207-725-3474
rnichols@bowdoin.edu

Bill Harwood, Associate Director
Office of Safety and Security
207-798-7136
b.harwood@bowdoin.edu

THE OFFICE OF SAFETY AND SECURITY

The Office of Safety and Security provides 24-hour/365-day service and protection to the Bowdoin community with a staff of 35 composed of administration, security officers, casual officers, and support staff. Security officers are generally assigned to campus patrol operations, the communications center, and the Museum of Art. The Bowdoin Shuttle provides additional monitoring capability during evening hours and is supported by five drivers, and three student dispatchers.

The campus is patrolled by officers in vehicles, on bicycle (IPMBA certified), and on foot. The 24-hour communications center answers emergency and routine calls for service and monitors a network of security cameras and life safety alarm systems. Numerous blue light emergency phones dot the campus to provide a quick and easy means to obtain help. The Bowdoin Shuttle provides safe student transportation after dark within a one-mile radius of campus.

The Office of Safety and Security responds to and investigates reported incidents and/or policy violations and submit detailed reports. Excellent interdepartmental relationships are maintained with the Town of Brunswick.
police, fire and rescue, the Maine State Police, Cumberland County, and federal law enforcement agencies for
operational and training support.

Bowdoin has an all-hazards campus emergency management plan and conducts annual scenario-based drills to evaluate
our readiness to respond to any campus emergency. A campus-wide mass-notification system informs students, faculty,
and staff of campus emergencies within minutes, providing specific safety information and instructions.

We are proud of the strong relationships we have with faculty, staff, students, and the Town of Brunswick. Only with the
confidence, trust, and support of the entire campus community can we ensure that Bowdoin remains the very safe and
special place that it is.

**Security Officer Training**
The Field Training Evaluation Program is a seven-week, 280-hour, standardized
training curriculum. Campus patrol officers are assigned to field training officers who
train and mentor all new personnel. An additional 80-hour block of instruction occurs
for those personnel who are cross-trained as security communications center
operators. Museum security officer training is a separate standardized 120-hour
training program, administered by a field training officer, covering museum security
methods and practices, and cultural property protection. Security officers attend
mandatory semi-annual in-service training, and security officers are afforded
opportunities to attend career advancement and specialty training, i.e., leadership,
supervision, bicycle patrol, defensive tactics, property management.

**Campus Enforcement Authority**
The Office of Safety and Security is composed entirely of non-sworn campus security officers. Security officer law
enforcement authority is limited to that which is granted to any private citizen under Title 17-A, Section 16 (Warrantless
arrests by a private person) of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated. Likewise, the authority to use a reasonable degree
of non-deadly or deadly force is limited to that which is granted to any private citizen under Title 17-A, Section 108
(Physical force in defense of a person) of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated.

Security officers have the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine whether individuals have lawful
business at Bowdoin College. Safety and Security coordinates with the Brunswick Police Department in the investigation
of crimes occurring within the College’s Clery geography, as outlined in a memorandum of understanding between the
College and the Brunswick Police Department. Security officers have the authority to issue parking tickets within the
College’s Clery geography.

**DACA and Undocumented Students**
Bowdoin College welcomes DACA and undocumented students. Safety and Security personnel do not enforce
immigration laws or make inquiries about the immigration status of students or employees. For more information, visit
Bowdoin’s [Inclusion and Diversity website](#).

**Memorandum of Understanding with Local Law Enforcement**
The Bowdoin College Office of Safety and Security has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Brunswick
Police Department to memorialize the collaboration between the College and local law enforcement related to the
response to, and investigation of, incidents of sexual violence involving students at Bowdoin College. The responsibilities
and obligations of the College are governed by federal law, including but not limited to the Clery Act and Title IX;
regulations promulgated under federal law and guidance to institutions of higher education provided by the Office of
Civil Rights of the United States Department of Education. The goal of the MOU is to improve the coordination of efforts
to provide timely response and investigation for students who are victims of sexual violence, including the crime of
sexual assault, and the facilitation of criminal prosecution and/or College disciplinary proceedings.
Building Access and Security
The Bowdoin College campus is open to the public. Academic and administrative buildings are available to authorized members of the campus community and to official visitors and/or individuals who have legitimate business needs during hours the buildings are open.

Administrative buildings are normally locked during non-business hours and on weekends. Keys for employee access may be obtained from One Card Office upon proper authorization. To ensure the safety and the security of College facilities, equipment and material, employees should ensure that their work area/office is closed and locked during non-business hours.

It is College policy violation and a potentially dangerous practice to permit unauthorized access inside College buildings (i.e., prop doors open, tape over automatic locking mechanisms, etc.).

Buildings are secured on a set lock-up schedule. Entry after scheduled hours is only available to authorized faculty, staff, and students, as determined by the appropriate academic or administrative offices.

Safety and security officers continually patrol buildings, and many building entrances and other internal and external areas are monitored by security cameras. Residential Life staff members perform regular assigned building checks, in addition to regular patrol checks made by safety and security.

Certain buildings are alarmed for the protection of contents and personnel and the alarms are activated when any illegal entry is made. The Office of Safety and Security and Brunswick police make immediate response alarms, as necessary.

Bowdoin College residence halls and undergraduate apartments are always locked. Campus buildings are secured with an electronic card access system (OneCard) that allows authorized students to gain access to a building by swiping their card through a card reader located on exterior and interior doors.

The Office of Safety and Security will admit a specific individual or group to a building or room after hours, on weekends, during vacations and holidays, only if the office has received authorization from an authorized department representative prior to the date the facilities are to be used. The person in charge of the room or area involved should forward the authorization for an individual or group to the Office of Safety and Security. A dean, director, department head, or his/her designate must sign the authorization. Authorized persons must not allow non-authorized individuals to enter.

All members of the Bowdoin community are expected to immediately report suspicious activity, suspicious persons, or crimes in progress within campus buildings and throughout the campus.

Special Residential Programs: Bowdoin College hosts many non-matriculated students during the academic year and summer months for participation in special athletic and education programs. The Office of Events and Summer Programs oversees the participants’ orientation and housing arrangements. Each participant is given a unique, temporary identification and key card. Orientation materials include information relative to campus safety and security. Additionally, visitors are encouraged to view Safety and Security’s public website, which details additional policies and information, including the most recent Clery Campus Crime Report.

Maintenance of Campus Facilities
College facilities and landscaping are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. Security officers regularly patrol the campus and report malfunctioning lights, camera, and other unsafe conditions to the facilities department for prompt repair.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Important Phone Numbers</strong></th>
<th><strong>GENERAL NUMBERS</strong></th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>EMERGENCY NUMBERS</strong></td>
<td><strong>Bowdoin College</strong> 207-725-3000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bowdoin Security (Emergency) 207-725-3500</td>
<td>President 207-725-3221</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bowdoin Security (Non-Emergency) 207-725-3314</td>
<td>Office of the Dean for Academic Affairs 207-725-3578</td>
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<tr>
<td>Brunswick Police/Fire/Medical (Emergency) 9-1-1</td>
<td>Office of the Dean of Student Affairs 207-725-3149</td>
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<td>Brunswick Police Department (Non-Emergency) 207-725-5521</td>
<td>Office of Residential Life 207-725-3225</td>
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<td>Mid Coast Hospital 207-729-0181</td>
<td>Athletics 207-725-3326</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mid Coast Walk-In Clinic 207-406-7500</td>
<td>Bookstore 207-725-3204</td>
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<td>Bowdoin Counseling Services 207-725-3145</td>
<td>Bowdoin Career Planning 207-725-3717</td>
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<td>Family Crisis Services – Domestic Abuse 800-537-6066</td>
<td>Bowdoin Shuttle 207-725-3337</td>
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<td>Alcoholics Anonymous 800-737-6237</td>
<td>Campus Scheduling 207-725-3421</td>
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<tr>
<td>Planned Parenthood 207-725-8264</td>
<td>Center for Learning and Teaching 207-725-3006</td>
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<td>American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) 207-774-5444</td>
<td>Copy Center 207-725-3533</td>
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<td>Maine Human Rights Commission 207-624-6290</td>
<td>Counseling Service 207-725-3145</td>
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<td>Sexual Assault Support Services of Mid Coast Maine (SASSMM) 800-871-7741</td>
<td>Dining Service 207-725-3211</td>
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<td>Substance Abuse Resource Ctr. 800-499-0027</td>
<td>Dinner Menu Hotline 207-725-3898</td>
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<td>Maine Drug Enforcement / District Task Force (Cumberland County) 207-822-0380</td>
<td>Events Office 207-725-3433</td>
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<td>Adult and Child Abuse 800-452-1999</td>
<td>Hatch Science Library 207-725-3004</td>
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<td>National Abortion Hotline 800-772-9100</td>
<td>Health Services 207-725-3770</td>
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<td>AIDS Hotline 800-851-2437</td>
<td>Information Desk, Smith Union 207-725-3375</td>
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<td>Human Services Department – Portland Office 800-482-7520</td>
<td>Information Technology 207-725-3614</td>
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<tr>
<th><strong>TTY (TELEWRITER PHONES)</strong></th>
<th><strong>Help Desk</strong> 207-725-3030</th>
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<tr>
<td>Burton-Little House (Admissions) 207-798-7116</td>
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<td>Health Services 207-798-7113</td>
<td>Hawthorne-Longfellow Library 207-725-3280</td>
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<td>Security Communications Center 207-725-3887</td>
<td>Mail Center 207-725-3302</td>
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<td>Hawthorne-Longfellow Library, Front Desk 207-798-7115</td>
<td>Office of the Registrar 207-725-3521</td>
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<td>Moulton Union, 2 Floor, Dean’s Office 207-725-3884</td>
<td>Student Activities 207-725-3536</td>
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<td>Student Aid Office 207-725-3144</td>
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## CLERY CRIME STATISTICS

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<tr>
<th>Bowdoin College Clery Crime Statistics</th>
<th>On-Campus</th>
<th>Non-Campus Property</th>
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## Clery Crime Statistics

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### Clery Crime Statistics

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<td>Simple Assault</td>
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<td>Destruction, Damage, Vandalism of Property</td>
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</table>
REPORTING PROCEDURES

Whether you are the victim of a crime, a witness on behalf of a victim unable to report, a witness to a crime, observe a suspicious situation, or see a safety problem, it is important to report to Safety and Security. These reports will help ensure that timely warnings are issued for the safety of the campus community and that accurate statistics are included in this annual security and fire safety report.

The Office of Safety and Security is responsible for the reporting and follow-up of any criminal incident that occurs within Bowdoin’s Clery geography, and in coordination with the Brunswick Police Department, as necessary. Crimes committed in other jurisdictions should be reported to the police agency where the offenses occurred (see the off-campus reporting information below). Persons directly involved may be contacted during the investigation by email, phone, and/or in-person interview, and will be notified once the investigation is complete.

Off or On-Campus reporting

On-Campus Reporting
When members of the Bowdoin community receive a report of criminal activity on campus, they should immediately contact the Office of Safety and Security or other campus security authority.

Off-Campus Reporting
If criminal activity takes place in an off-campus location, Bowdoin College community members should contact the local, county, or state police department with that jurisdiction. The Brunswick Police Department will generally inform Bowdoin security of off-campus situations involving students. Law enforcement authorities routinely work with and communicate with the College on any incidents occurring on or off campus. Students may be subject to arrest by the local police and face College disciplinary action through the Division of Student Affairs.

Types of Reporting for Victims or Witnesses

We are here to help you as a victim or a witness and reporting as soon as possible is best.

1. Review the types of reporting options you have and select the options that you most comfortable with.
2. Decide who you want to contact and make the report.

Voluntary Reporting
When filing a report on a voluntary basis as a victim or witness you agree to provide your contact information.

Confidential Reporting
When filing a report on a confidential basis as a victim or witness, the Office of Safety and Security and/or a law enforcement agency can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity.

Anonymous Reporting
You may report a crime, incident, or information using this Anonymous Reporting Form.

Options for Reporting Crimes and incidents

- **Phone (not anonymous):** Safety and Security, 207-725-3500; Title IX, 207-721-5189; Brunswick Police Department, 9-1-1; or other campus security authority.
- **Online Forms (anonymous options):** Anonymous Reporting Form or Title IX Anonymous or Voluntary Incident Report Form.
- **Email (not anonymous):** Randy Nichols, Executive Director of Safety and Security; Kate O’Grady, Title IX Coordinator.
- **Campus mail:** Randy Nichols, Office of Safety and Security; Benje Douglas, Title IX Coordinator; or other campus security authority.
- **Mail:** Bowdoin College Office of Safety and Security, 6040 College Station, Brunswick, ME 04011.
Reporting to a Pastoral or Licensed Professional Counselor
Pastoral and Licensed Professional Counselors are identified as confidential resources, who may not share information without an individual’s informed consent unless there is imminent danger to self or others, or as otherwise required by law. A Pastoral Counselor is a person who is associated with a religious order or denomination, is a person recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and who is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor. A Licensed Professional Counselor is a person whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the Bowdoin community and who is functioning within the scope of the counselor’s license or certification. **Pastoral and Professional Counselors, when acting in those capacities, are not campus security authorities.** Although we encourage anonymized reporting (with non-personally identifiable data) for statistical purposes, pastoral and professional counselors are not required to report crimes for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Unfounded Crimes
Only sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel may unfound a crime after a thorough investigative process. If a crime is reported as occurring on-campus, in on-campus residential facilities, in or on non-campus buildings or property, or on public property, and the reported crime is investigated by sworn law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, the crime is “unfounded.”

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)
FERPA is a 1974 federal law that protects the privacy of student education records. FERPA affirms the right of access to one’s own educational records, or to the education records of one’s minor child. It also outlines, with some exceptions, an individual’s right to have these records secured from public access.

The Overlap Between FERPA and the Clery Act
Because FERPA specifically protects the status of education records, other records —such as those maintained by campus police— are not protected under this law. However, if those same law enforcement records were shared with education officials for conduct code proceedings, this new documentation would become protected as part of the student’s educational record. While personally identifiable educational records are protected under FERPA, the Clery Act requires statistical reporting that includes non-personally identifiable information. As such, the right to privacy covered by FERPA will not prevent the disclosure of non-personally identifiable data for the purposes of Clery Act compliance, even if the identity of involved persons remains.

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report Preparation
The Executive Director of the Office of Safety and Security submits crime and fire statistics to the Department of Education (DOE) by October 1 of each year and distributes of the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report (ASFSR) to all current students and employees, and notice of its availability to prospective students and employees, as required by the Clery Act. The ASFSR includes statistics for the previous three years concerning reported Clery crimes that occurred within the College’s Clery geography, in certain off-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by Bowdoin College, and on public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. This report includes all Clery crimes reported to the Office of Safety and Security, campus security authorities, and law enforcement agencies, regardless of the ultimate disposition of the reported crime, institutional policies concerning campus security, such as policies concerning alcohol and drug use, crime prevention, the reporting of crimes, sexual assault, and the Fire Safety Report for fires in campus residential buildings.

Developing Information For This Report
The annual preparation of crime statistics involves coordination in the gathering of statistical data from those with significant responsibility for students and campus activities which includes the Office of Safety and Security, Campus Security Authorities, the Brunswick Police Department (BPD), the Cumberland County Sheriff’s Department (CCSO), Piscataquis County Sherriff’s Department (PCSD) the Maine State Police (MSP), the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP), Sagadahoc County Sheriff (SCS). The Executive Director of the Office of Safety and Security or designee is responsible for the contents of the ASFSR, crime and fire statistics, and the public crime and fire logs. The Executive Director contacts the appropriate law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over campus and non-campus properties by

**Clery Public Crime and Fire Logs**

Clery public crime and fire logs are updated continually and posted under the security reporting tab on the Office of Safety and Security website. Once within the site you may view the public crime log for the most current month or by individual years. The public fire log is only available by individual years. You may also examine these logs by visiting the administrative office of the Office of Safety and Security, 9 Bath Rd, Brunswick Maine, during business hours, Monday-Friday 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. (except holidays) to view the last two completed months of the public crime log or the year-to-date fire log. Crime and fire logs older than the most recent two months may be viewed within two business of a request. Names of people involved in case-reports are not listed on the Clery public crime or fire logs.

Note: Pursuant to separate obligations under the Clery Act, in addition to collecting annual statistics for inclusion in this ASFSR, the College maintains a public crime log. Although there are areas of overlap, the daily crime log differs in some significant respects from the statistical data collected for purposes of this ASFSR. For example, the public crime log includes other crimes (not just those Clery Act crimes required to be reported in the annual Report) reported to the Office of Safety and Security and occurring anywhere within the College’s Clery geography plus the patrol area of the Office of Safety and Security. The public crime log also requires disclosure of more information about the reported event but includes exceptions where disclosing information on the daily log is otherwise prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim.

**Notification to the Campus Community**

Each fall, the Executive Director of Safety and Security and sends an e-mail notification to current students and employees with the links to the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report, the Clery public crime and fire log, the Office of Safety and Security website. The Safety and Security website link is also included on several Bowdoin websites: Counseling and Wellness, Dean of Students, Facilities, Human Resources, On Campus Resources, Residential Life, and Title IX. Anyone may view the report online or request a paper copy of this report by contacting the Office of Safety and Security, Rhodes Hall, 207-725-3458, or email security@bowdoin.edu.

**Campus Security Authorities**

A campus security authority is any individual (or individuals) who have responsibility for campus security, but who does not constitute a campus police department or campus security department. This includes officials of the College who have significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline, and campus Conduct Review proceedings. If such an official is a pastoral or professional counselor, the official is not considered a campus security authority when acting in that capacity. Campus security authorities are trained annually.

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<thead>
<tr>
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<td>Academic Affairs</td>
<td>Dean, Directors</td>
<td>Hawthorne-Longfellow</td>
<td>207-725-3578</td>
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<td>Athletics</td>
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<td>Buck Center</td>
<td>207-725-3326</td>
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<td>Bowdoin Scientific Station</td>
<td>Directors</td>
<td>Kent Island, Grand Manan, BC, Canada</td>
<td>506-662-9114</td>
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<td>Events and Summer Planning</td>
<td>Directors</td>
<td>Coles Tower</td>
<td>207-725-3433</td>
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<td>Health Center</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>Buck Center</td>
<td>207-725-3770</td>
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<td>Dudley Coe</td>
<td>207-725-3225</td>
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<td>207-725-3314</td>
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<td>Smith Union</td>
<td>207-798-4244</td>
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<td>207-725-3149</td>
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<td>Upward Bound</td>
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Geographic Locations

Campus:
1. Any building or property owned or controlled by the institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution’s educational purposes, and
2. On-Campus Student Housing is any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus housing facility.
3. Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1) of this definition, which is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

Residence:
- A subset of crimes on campus that includes only those reported crimes that occurred in dormitories or other residential facilities.

Non-campus building or property:
1. Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or
2. Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution’s educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

List of non-campus buildings and properties:
- Bowdoin Scientific Station (biological field station), Kent Island, Bay of Fundy, Parish of Grand Manan, New Brunswick, Canada (also Sheep and Hay islands)
- Brunswick Hotel and Tavern, 4 Noble Street, Brunswick, ME
- Former NASB Property, 316 Samuel Adams Drive, Brunswick, ME
- Former NASB Property, 281-326 Allagash Drive, Brunswick, ME
- Former NASB Property, 16 and 22 Transmitter Drive, Brunswick, ME
- Fort Andross, 14 Maine Street, Brunswick, ME
- Merritt Island, lower end of the New Meadows River and Mountain Road, West Bath, ME
- Outing Club Cabin, Elliotsville Road, Elliotsville Township, ME
- Schiller Coastal Studies Center, 240 Bayview Road, Orr’s Island, ME
- Smith Boat House, Sawyer Road, Brunswick, ME
- Whittier Street Warehouse, 19 Whittier Street, Brunswick, ME
- 3 Business Parkway, Brunswick, ME
- 16 Station Avenue, Brunswick, ME (2nd floor offices only)
- 85 Union Street, Brunswick, ME (3rd floor offices only)

Public Property:
- All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities that are within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.
Clery Crime Definitions

**Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter:** The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

**Negligent Manslaughter:** The killing of another person through gross negligence.

**Sexual Assault:** Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

a) **Rape:** The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.

b) **Fondling:** The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

c) **Incest:** Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

d) **Statutory Rape:** Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

**Robbery:** The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

**Aggravated Assault:** An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by using a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

**Burglary:** The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

**Motor Vehicle Theft:** The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

**Arson:** Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another kind.

**Weapon Law Violations:** The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature.

**Drug Abuse Violations:** The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs.

**Liquor Law Violations:** The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

**Hate Crimes**

Bowdoin College is also required to report statistics for hate (bias) related crimes by the type of bias as defined for the following classifications: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson) larceny, vandalism, intimidation, and simple assault.

- **Destruction, Damage, Vandalism of Property:** To destroy willfully or maliciously, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.
- **Intimidation:** To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm using threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- **Larceny-Theft:** The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.
- **Simple Assault:** An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
A hate or bias related crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender’s bias. For example - a subject assaults a victim, which is a crime, if the facts of the case indicate that the offender was motivated to commit the offense because of his bias against the victim’s race, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, ethnicity, national origin, or disability, the assault is then also classified as a hate/bias crime.

For purposes of reporting crimes, when more than one criminal offense was committed during a single incident, only the most serious offense is counted pursuant to the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting Program. Exceptions to the hierarchy rule include that arson is always reported as a separate crime regardless of whether it occurs in the same incident as another crime, and where rape, fondling or statutory rape occurs in the same incident as a murder, both crimes are reported in the crime statistics. Source: The Handbook for Campus Crime Reporting, U.S. Department of Education, Office of Postsecondary Education, 2016.

Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act (VAWA)

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act (VAWA), which President Obama signed into law on March 7, 2013, imposes new obligations on Colleges and universities under its Campus Sexual Violence Act.

Under VAWA, Colleges and universities are required to:

- Report domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, beyond crime categories the Clery Act already mandates;
- Adopt certain student discipline procedures, such as for notifying purported victims of their rights; and
- Adopt certain institutional policies to address and prevent campus sexual violence, such as to train in particular respects to pertinent institutional personnel.

The Clery Act requires annual reporting of statistics for various criminal offenses, including sex offenses and aggravated assault. VAWA’s Campus SaVE Act provision adds domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking to the categories that, if the incident was reported to a campus security authority or local police agency, must be reported under Clery. The Campus SaVE Act provision imposes new reporting requirements. These crimes are defined below:

1. **Dating Violence**: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.
   a. The existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
   b. For the purposes of this definition—
      o Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
      o Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

2. **Domestic Violence**: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by:
   a. A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; or
   b. A person with whom the victim shares a child in common; or
   c. A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; or
   d. A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
   e. By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

3. **Stalking**: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others; or
   a. Suffer substantial emotional distress.
   For the purposes of this definition-
Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means--follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person’s property.

Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

4. Sexual Assault: The definition (from VAWA) of sexual assault.
   a. An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is “any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.”

5. Preserving evidence: It is important that a victim of sexual abuse not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen/are where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past 96 hours, so that evidence may be preserved which may assist in proving that an alleged criminal offense occurred or is occurring, or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order. In circumstances of sexual assault, if a victim does not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections. Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs, or other copies of documents that may be useful during the investigation.

Timely Warnings

In accordance with the Clery Act, the Office of Safety and Security will issue timely warning notices to the College community when there is a serious crime or ongoing safety threat that may affect the students, faculty, staff, and visitors of Bowdoin College. The decision to issue a timely warning shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the Executive Director or Associate Director of Safety and Security, in consultation with local law enforcement. When issuing timely warnings, victim name(s) and other victim information will be kept confidential. Having timely knowledge of criminal activity and safety threats will assist community members in making informed decisions about their personal safety, while helping to prevent crime and aiding law enforcement in apprehending criminal suspects. Timely warnings may be disseminated via telephone, email, and text messaging. Copies of all timely warnings are kept with corresponding case files and are available for public viewing on the Safety and Security website.

The Office of Safety and Security does not issue timely warnings for the above listed crimes when:

- The suspect(s) is apprehended and the threat of imminent danger to the Bowdoin College community has been mitigated by the apprehension.
- A report was not filed with the Office of Safety and Security, or if safety and security were not notified by campus security authorities in a manner that would allow the office to post a “timely” warning to the community. Unless there are extenuating circumstances, a report that is filed more than five days after the date of the alleged incident may not allow the Office of Safety and Security to post a timely warning to the community. This type of situation will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.
- In cases involving sex offenses that may be reported long after the incident occurred, there is no ability to distribute a timely warning or safety alert to the community. Sex offenses will be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount of information known.
- A crime is reported to a pastoral or professional counselor while acting in those capacities.
Timely warnings and security alerts are written and distributed by the Executive Director of Safety and Security or the Associate Director to the campus through any one or more of the following means:

- **Emergency Notification System**: A mass notification system that automatically sends brief voice, email, and text alerts to the College community regarding an emergency on the Bowdoin campus. More information about emergency alerts can be found in the Campus Emergency Management Plan section starting on page 19.
- **College email and voicemail**
- **Safety and Security website**: [Timely Warnings and Security Alerts](#).
- **Campus Digests**
- **Local area radio and television stations and print media**.

The Office of Safety and Security also maintains a public crime and fire log that contains crimes and fires reported to the department. The public crime and fire logs are available on the safety and security website or you may request a copy at the Office of Safety and Security administrative offices in Rhodes Hall in person, by phone 207-725-3458, or by email to security@bowdoin.edu.
TITLE IX POLICY

Preamble

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 USC 1681 et seq. ("Title IX"), covers certain forms of sexual harassment, which is a form of discrimination. "Sexual Harassment," as defined by and within the scope of the Title IX regulations issued by the United States Department of Education, 34 C.F.R. Part 106, includes unwelcome conduct based on sex, such as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual nature. Sexual Harassment also includes sexual assault which refers to physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person’s will or where a person is incapable of giving consent.

This Policy governs reports of alleged Sexual Harassment under Title IX. In addition to the conduct addressed under this Policy, the College prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct as set forth in the Student Code of Community Standards, Faculty Handbook, and Employee Handbook.

The College’s primary concern is the health, safety, and well-being of the members of our college community. If you or someone you know may be the victim of Sexual Harassment, as defined below, or any sexual misconduct, you are strongly urged to seek immediate assistance from the appropriate community resource and to report the matter to the Title IX Coordinator.

Emergency Procedures

Assistance can be obtained twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week from:

- Police (Town of Brunswick): 911 or (207) 725-6620
- Sexual Assault Support Services of Midcoast Maine (SASSMM): (800) 871-7741
- Through These Doors (formerly Family Crisis Services): (866) 834-4357
- Mid Coast Hospital: 911 or (207) 729-0181
- Bowdoin Office of Safety and Security: x3500 or (207) 725-3500

Further information about Title IX and sex discrimination in education is available from the Office for Civil Rights, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20202-1100 (by Customer Service Hotline: (800) 421-3481; fax: (202) 453-6012; TDD: (877) 521-2171; email: OCR@ed.gov; or on the web at [http://www.ed.gov/ocr](http://www.ed.gov/ocr)).

Campus Resources Students, faculty, and staff are strongly urged to contact the Title IX Coordinator, Katherine O’Grady, as soon as reasonably possible to report any Sexual Harassment or sexual misconduct or to file a Formal Complaint. Katherine can be reached at (207) 725-3493 or by e-mail at kogrady@bowdoin.edu.

Katherine is available to help connect students, faculty, and staff to the resources available on campus and in the community, including assistance with law enforcement, as well as explaining the processes available through this Policy.

Reports may also be made to one of the following Deputy Title IX Coordinators:

**Michael Pulju**
Associate Dean of Students and Director of Community Standards
Deputy Title IX Coordinator for Students
(207) 725-3866 (office), mpzju@bowdoin.edu

**Elizabeth Pritchard**
Associate Professor of Religion
Associate Dean for Academic Affairs
Non-Reporting Resources on Campus
There are several Bowdoin community members to whom reports of Sexual Harassment may be made and who will not disclose identifying details of such reports to the Title IX Coordinator (Non-Reporting Resources). Non-Reporting Resources are those individuals who have been selected by the College and are not required to communicate Reports to the Title IX Coordinator. These resources will hold information in confidence and not release any information shared with them except under limited circumstances that pose an imminent danger to the individual or others or as otherwise required by law.

Non-Reporting Resources

- **Kate Stern**, associate dean of student affairs for inclusion and diversity and director of the Center for Sexuality, Women, and Gender (SWAG): (207) 725-4223
- **Eduardo Pazos Palma**, assistant dean of student affairs for inclusion and diversity and director of multicultural student life: (207) 798-4196
- **Oliver Goodrich**, director of the Rachel Lord Center for Religious and Spiritual Life: (207) 208-2977

On-Campus Privileged Campus Resources
Additionally, there are resources on campus with specific legal protections that apply to communications based on their professional role. Communications with these resources are not permitted to release any information shared with them except under limited circumstances that pose an imminent danger to the individual or others or as otherwise required by law.

- Counseling Services: 207-725-3145
- Health Services: 207-725-3770

Bowdoin College Title IX Policy and Subsections
*Date of last revision: August 2022*

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1. **Make a verbal/written report**
   To make a verbal/written or to understand the reporting process contact Kate O'Grady, Director of Institutional Equity and Compliance over the phone (office) 207-725-3493 or by email - kogrady@bowdoin.edu.

2. **Make a Report Online**
   You may also choose to report the incident using the [Online Reporting Form](#). Reporters may remain anonymous through the online form.
   - For Me – Sexual Misconduct, Sexual Harassment, Dating Violence/Stalking
   - For a Friend - supporting a friend going through violence comes down to being present and trying hard to not think you can do everything by yourself. Helping to point your friend in the direction of professional assistance may be the most caring thing you can do. How to be supportive.

Remember that supporting someone will be hard. It is important to seek out support for yourself. If you recognize that you are the only resource for someone who has gone through a traumatic experience, suggest that they seek out another resource of their own. Also, in this role you are not a detective or an investigator. Support does not mean interrogation and if that is hard for you then speak to someone before taking on the responsibility. If you have any questions about how to support someone, or how to support yourself, reach out to one of the following resources. The Sexual Assault Support Services of Mid Coast Maine ([SASSMM](#)) is an excellent resource; contact them at (800) 822-5999 or (207) 725-1500 if you are calling from a mobile phone. You can also contact a Safe Space Member for peer support, or The Counseling Center at (207) 725-3145.

### Preventing Sexual and Gender-Based Violence

It is up to all of us to prevent sexual and dating violence at Bowdoin.

- Get Involved – Get informed and speak out, hold peers accountable, join a club, volunteer
- Get Educated – What is Consent?, facts about sexual violence, facts about relationship violence
- Programming and Events – *Speak About It*, *Take Back the Night*, Sexual Respect, RISE, Healthy Relationships

Below are some guidelines about how to support someone reporting sexual violence or gender-based violence. They are only suggestions and serve as examples of how you could be supportive. Just remember: **believe them, listen to them, and speak from your heart.**

### THINGS YOU CAN DO AND THINGS YOU SHOULD AVOID

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please <strong>DO</strong> the following:</th>
<th>Please <strong>AVOID</strong> the following:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Assure them that is it not their fault</td>
<td>• Asking questions out of curiosity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Assure them that they did the best they could</td>
<td>• Expressing shock, disgust, or anger, or judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Suggest that they talk to someone</td>
<td>• Pressing for details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Assure them that they are not alone</td>
<td>• Asking questions without a reason to ask them</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Be sensitive to their need for privacy</td>
<td>• Interrogating them or asking questions as if to ascertain &quot;what really happened&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Stay calm and be patient; give them time</td>
<td>• Touch them without their permission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Offer to go with them to <a href="#">report the incident</a> and to seek out resources</td>
<td>• Putting words in someone's mouth or tell them how they are feeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Use active listening skills to tune into concerns and priorities, as these may be different from what you perceive their priorities to be</td>
<td>• Making decisions for the student</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Making promises or guarantees, such as, &quot;you're going to be fine,&quot; or &quot;your family will be supportive&quot;</td>
</tr>
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Employee Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual Misconduct & Gender-Based Violence Policy

Updated: September 2022

Introduction
Bowdoin College strives to provide a place of study and work that is free from unlawful harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct, and gender-based violence of any kind. In compliance with the Maine Human Rights Act (MHRA), Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and other federal and state laws, Bowdoin College prohibits any member of the faculty, staff, administration, student body, or visitors, whether visiting campus, patrons, independent contractors, or vendors from harassing or discriminating against any other member of the Bowdoin College community because of a person’s race, color, ethnicity, ancestry and national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and/or expression, age, marital status, place of birth, genetic predisposition, veteran status or against qualified individuals with physical or mental disabilities on the basis of disability, or any other legally protected statuses in any phase of its employment process, in any phase of its admission or financial aid programs, or other aspects of its educational programs or activities. Discrimination or harassment based on any protected characteristic is illegal. All employees are expected to respect the rights of their coworkers and conduct themselves in a way that supports the inclusion of students and employees of all different backgrounds. Employees who engage in unlawful harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence or discrimination will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including immediate termination of employment.

Scope of Policy
This policy applies to complaints of harassment, discrimination, sexual misconduct or gender-based violence, made against any College employee, that fall outside the scope of the Student Non-Discrimination Policy and Student Grievance Process and the Bowdoin College Title IX Policy. As set forth in the Bowdoin College Title IX Policy, cases of sexual misconduct that may not meet the regulatory definitions set forth in Title IX, may nevertheless violate the Employee Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual Misconduct and Gender-based Violence Policy. Such cases will be evaluated and where appropriate handled as violations of this Policy. Matters involving Bowdoin employees engaged in misconduct that otherwise meets the definition of “sexual misconduct” under Bowdoin’s Title IX Policy, but that is excluded from Title IX jurisdiction because of where the conduct occurred, shall be addressed using procedures identical to those set forth in the Title IX Policy. This policy does not apply to complaints against student employees. A glossary of terms is included at the end of this policy.

Resources
Members of the Bowdoin community may wish to use the following services for consultation and/or support:

On-Campus Resources

- Bowdoin College Security (Ext. 3314 or for emergencies Ext. 3500)
- Counseling Center (Ext. 3145) [For Students]
- Peter Buck Health Center (Ext. 3236) [For Students]
- Employee Assistance Program 1-800-647-9151 or AnthemEAP.com. Call for free, confidential assistance 24 hours a day, 7 days a week [For Employees]
- Human Resources (Ext. 3837)
- Office of the Dean for Academic Affairs (Ext. 3578)
- Office of the Dean of Student Affairs (Ext. 3228)
- Safe Space (contact Residential Life Staff or Dean's Office for names of student members)
- Women’s Resource Center (Ext. 3620) [For Students]
- Workplace Advisors (hyper link to Workplace Advisor page) listed below [For Employees]

Community Resources

- Sexual Assault Support Services of Midcoast ME (207)-725-2181, 1-800-822-5999, 124 Maine Street, Brunswick, ME
• Brunswick Police Department (911 or 725-5521)
• Midcoast Medical Center (725-0181)
• Sexual Assault Support Services of Midcoast Maine (1-800-871-7741)

ON-CAMPUS CONTACTS
The Vice President for Human Resources is the individual designated by the College to coordinate its efforts to comply with this policy and anti-discrimination laws applicable in employment. Questions about this policy should be directed to:

Tamara Spoerri
Vice President for Human Resources
216 Maine Street, 3rd floor
Brunswick, ME 04011
(207)725-3838
tspoerri@bowdoin.edu

If an employee experiences any unlawful harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence or discrimination, they should promptly report the concern to any of the following people:

1. The Vice President for Human Resources or the Associate Director for Talent Strategy
2. The accused staff or faculty member’s supervisor or department head;
3. The complaining party’s supervisor or department head;
4. The Dean or Associate Dean for Academic Affairs; or
5. The Associate Dean of Student Affairs & Director of Residential and Student Life

Complaints by employees can also be made to one of the Workplace Advisors listed below who are trained by the College to provide guidance and support to employees with complaints of harassment or discrimination, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence.

Workplace Advisors:
Mark Battle, x3410
Ryan Curran, x3051
Deborah Infante, x3810
Abigail Killeen, x4172
Lesley Levy, x4187
Delmar Small, x3747
Donna Trout, x3339

A student complaint of harassment, sexual misconduct or gender-based violence against an employee or faculty member may be made to the College’s Associate Vice President for Inclusion and Diversity and Director of Title IX, Gender Violence Prevention and Education. A student employee should also take immediate action to report any incident occurring in their employment to their workplace supervisor or the Vice President for Human Resources, Tamara Spoerri (x3837).

COMPLAINT PROCESS
For matters that fall within the scope of this policy, the College will conduct an investigation pursuant to the following process. A complaint may be initiated by any member of the College community who feels they have experienced, or who has knowledge of, discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence by a College employee. When the complainant is not the person who has experienced the discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, and/or gender-based violence, the College’s ability to investigate and resolve the situation may depend on the alleged complainant’s willingness to participate in the investigation.
Complaints are requested, but not required, to be in writing and should include the names of the complainant and the respondent, a description of the objectionable conduct, the location, dates and times of the objectionable conduct, and the identification of witnesses or other persons with knowledge of the allegations.

**ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT RESOLUTION PROCEDURE**

The Vice President for Human Resources shall collaborate with the appropriate Manager or Department Head to conduct an adequate, impartial, and reliable investigation of the complaint under this Administrative Complaint Resolution Procedure. In appropriate circumstances, the College may also engage the services of an outside investigator. The College will strive to promptly and equitably resolve all complaints of discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender violence. The purpose of the investigation is to determine whether or not a violation of this policy has occurred. The investigation typically will entail interviews of the complainant and the respondent, as well as other persons believed to have pertinent factual knowledge. During the course of the investigation, each party will have the right to provide the names of witnesses and/or other evidence which might assist in the investigation. Because resolving problems internally benefits both the employee and the College, no external parties may participate in this process.

During the course of the investigation, the College will undertake an appropriate inquiry and take such prompt and effective action as is reasonably practicable under the circumstances to support and protect the complainant and protect the College community, including taking appropriate interim measures before the final outcome of the investigation. These measures may include but are not limited to ordering no contact between the respondent and the complainant and directing, where necessary, appropriate College officials to alter the complainant’s or the respondent’s academic, College housing and/or College employment arrangements; or suspension from duties with or without pay.

The results of the investigation will be reviewed by the Vice President for Human Resources and the appropriate Senior Staff Officer who is in a supervisory position to the respondent. The Senior Staff Officer will be responsible for determining whether a violation of the policy occurred and, if so, the appropriate discipline to be imposed. The standard of review shall be whether, based upon the information obtained during the investigation, it is more likely than not that a violation of the policy has occurred. Possible outcomes of the investigation include:

a. a finding that a violation of the policy has not occurred;
b. a finding that a violation of the policy has occurred; or
c. In cases where a violation of the policy cannot be determined, but there are clear differences between the parties that need to be resolved, a negotiated resolution of the complaint will be attempted.

Within five (5) days of the conclusion of the investigation and the issuance of a decision by the Senior Staff Officer, both parties shall be notified in writing of the outcome of the investigation.

**APPEALS OF SENIOR STAFF DECISIONS:**

Either the respondent or the complainant may appeal the Senior Staff Officer’s determinations, as follows:

1. If the accused party is a faculty member, then any appeal shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Faculty Handbook.
2. If the accused party is a staff member, the appeal must be made to the President or a committee established in accordance with the College’s Grievance Procedure, Step III.

The appeal must be made in writing submitted to Human Resources within ten (10) calendar days of the date of the determination by the Senior Officer and must specify the grounds for the appeal. The Senior Staff Officer shall review the case with the appropriate Appeals Committee and explain the reasons for their findings and decision. An appeal may, in accordance with the terms of the applicable appeals process, result in an endorsement of the Senior Staff Officer’s decision, disagreement with the original findings and discipline, or a recommendation of different sanctions. There shall be no further right of appeal from the final action determined by the applicable appeals process. Notification of the outcome of the appeal shall be governed by the terms of the applicable appeals process, although in any case the Senior Staff Officer will be notified of the final disposition of the case.

**SANCTIONS**
In cases where the Senior Staff Officer determines that this policy has been violated, the Senior Staff Officer shall, in consultation with the Vice President for Human Resources, impose appropriate disciplinary action up to and including termination from College employment. With respect to a complaint against a faculty member, any termination decision shall be subject to the procedural requirements set forth in the Faculty Handbook.

REPORTS INVOLVING A NON-MEMBER OF THE COLLEGE
A member of the College community may report an incident of discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence by a College guest, visitor, or vendor. While the College will endeavor to promptly investigate and resolve a report involving a respondent outside the College community, its ability to take action against such a respondent may be limited. Where appropriate, however, the College will take those steps necessary to protect the College community. The Dean for Student Affairs or the Vice President for Human Resources will, where possible, inform the respondent of the report and may, after consultation with other relevant College officers, take steps to bar the respondent from the campus if that is deemed to be appropriate. The member(s) of the College who hosted or contracted with the respondent may be informed of the actions taken and the reasons for them.

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AND GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE
Sexual misconduct and gender-based violence, in particular, warrant special mention within this policy. Bowdoin College is committed to providing its students, faculty and staff with a community and place of study and work which is free of sexual harassment, sexual violence, intimidation, and exploitation. The College cannot thrive unless individual rights are respected and each member of the community is treated with civility. Sexual misconduct and gender-based violence are not simply inappropriate behavior proscribed by College policy; but are also prohibited by law.

Because of the importance of these issues, information is provided to all new employees at orientation, and to all employees on an annual basis, including a description of prohibited conduct, an explanation of options available to employees for resolving complaints of sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence, and a list of resources available to employees who have concerns or questions about sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender-based violence. Additional information for students can be found in the Student Handbook.

It is illegal for any employee to sexually harass another employee and for any supervisory employee to permit any act of sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, or gender base violence in the workplace by anyone, whether or not it is an employee.

While sexual misconduct and gender-based violence may constitute a violation of the Bowdoin College Title IX Policy, to the extent alleged behaviors fall outside the scope of that policy they may constitute violations of this policy.

DESCRIPTION OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT
Sexual misconduct is a broad term encompassing a range of unacceptable behaviors of a sexual nature, including sexual harassment, sexual exploitation, non-consensual sexual contact, and non-consensual intercourse.

DESCRIPTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT
Sexual harassment is a form of sexual misconduct. The term “sexual harassment” has different meanings in different contexts. Under Title IX, “sexual harassment” has a specific definition. The College prohibits sexual harassment, including beyond the strict definition of the term under Title IX. For purposes of this policy, the following definitions of “sexual harassment” apply.

In the context of employees, sexual harassment includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature where:

- submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment;
- submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or
- such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.
In the context of students, sexual harassment includes unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature that substantially interferes with the student’s college employment, participation in College programs or activities, or their living or learning environment. A single instance of unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature may constitute sexual harassment if it is sufficiently serious.

**DESCRIPTION OF GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE**

Gender-based violence is also a broad term and includes dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. Gender-based violence can occur between strangers or acquaintances, including people involved in both long term and brief intimate partnerships. People can commit gender-based violence, and it can occur between people of the same or different sex.

**CONFIDENTIALITY**

All information provided in the context of a complaint and investigation under this policy will be held in confidence to the extent possible and will be discussed only with those who have a need to know in order to investigate or resolve the complaint.

**NON-RETALIATION**

Under law, you may not be punished or penalized in any way for reporting, complaining about, participating in an investigation of or filing a claim concerning discrimination or harassment, or for testifying in any proceeding brought by anyone else. No employee may retaliate against someone who files a complaint or participates in an investigation of a complaint; such retaliation will subject the offender to additional discipline and sanctions under this policy. However, if the College determines that an intentionally false complaint has been made under this policy, disciplinary action will be taken against the individual(s) filing the complaint or providing false information regarding the complaint.

**Legal Recourse through the Maine Human Rights Commission**

Any employee who believes he or she has been subjected to discrimination or harassment may call or write the Maine Human Rights Commission to register a complaint. The Commission may be contacted as follows:

*Maine Human Rights Commission*

*51 State House Station*

*Augusta, ME 04333*

*Telephone: (207) 624-6290*

Any complaint must be filed with the Commission within 300 days of the act of discrimination or harassment. Once the Commission has received a signed charge form, an investigation will be conducted, and a determination will be made by the Commission of whether or not there are reasonable grounds to believe discrimination or harassment occurred. If the Commission determines that discrimination or harassment did occur, it will attempt to resolve the situation between you and your employer through informal means. If informal means of resolution are unsuccessful, the Commission counselor may file a civil action on your behalf in the Superior Court, seeking appropriate relief.

**GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

“Sexual Misconduct” is a broad term encompassing “Sexual Exploitation,” “Sexual Harassment,” “Non-Consensual Sexual Contact,” and “Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse,” as defined in this Policy. Sexual Misconduct can occur between strangers or acquaintances, including people involved in an intimate sexual relationship. Sexual Misconduct can be committed by someone of any gender, and it can occur between people of the same or different sex.

“Non-Consensual Sexual Contact” means Sexual Contact that occurs without Effective Consent.

“Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse” means Sexual Intercourse that occurs without Effective Consent.

“Sexual Contact” means the deliberate touching of a person’s intimate parts (including genitalia, groin, breast or buttocks, or clothing covering any of those areas), or using physical force, violence, threat, intimidation, or coercion to cause a person to touch their own or another person’s intimate parts.

“Sexual Exploitation” means taking sexual advantage of another person without Effective Consent, and includes, without limitation: causing or attempting to cause the Incapacitation of another person in order to gain a sexual advantage over such other person; recording, photographing or transmitting identifiable images of private sexual activity and/or the intimate parts (including genitalia, groin, breasts or buttocks) of another person; allowing third parties to observe private
sexual acts; engaging in voyeurism; and/or knowingly or recklessly exposing another person to a significant risk of sexually transmitted infection.

- “Sexual Intercourse” means penetration (anal, oral, or vaginal) by a penis, tongue, finger, or an inanimate object.
- “Sexual Harassment” - In the context of employees, sexual harassment includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature where:
  - submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment;
  - submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or
  - such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.

In the context of students, sexual harassment includes unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature that substantially interferes with the student’s college employment, participation in College programs or activities, or their living or learning environment. A single instance of unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature may constitute sexual harassment if it is sufficiently serious.

“Effective Consent” means words or actions that show a knowing and voluntary agreement to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Effective Consent cannot be gained by Force, by ignoring or acting in spite of the objections of another, or by taking advantage of the Incapacitation of another, where the Respondent knows or reasonably should have known of such Incapacitation. The use of alcohol or other drugs will never function to excuse behavior that violates this, Policy. Effective Consent is also absent when the activity in question exceeds the scope of Effective Consent previously given, including where consent was given to certain sexual activity under certain conditions (for example, with the use of a barrier method of birth control) and the activity in question violates any such conditions. In addition, certain states have designated a minimum age under which a person cannot give Effective Consent.

“Incapacitation” means the physical and/or mental inability to make informed, rational judgments. States of Incapacitation include, without limitation, sleep, blackouts, and flashbacks. Where alcohol [or other drug] is involved, Incapacitation is determined by how the alcohol [or other drug] consumed impacts a person’s decision-making capacity, awareness of consequences, and ability to make informed judgments.

“Gender-based Violence” is a broad term encompassing “Dating Violence,” “Domestic Violence,” and “Stalking.” Gender-based Violence can occur between strangers or acquaintances, including people involved in both long term and brief intimate partnerships. Men or women can commit Gender-based Violence, and it can occur between people of the same or different sex.

“Dating Violence” is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship will be determined based on consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual abuse, physical abuse, emotional violence, or the threat of such violence and does not include acts that meet the definition of “Domestic Violence.”

“Domestic Violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Maine, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Maine. In Maine, this includes the following crimes: Domestic violence assault (17-A M.R.S. § 207-A), Domestic violence criminal threatening (17-A M.R.S. § 209-A), Domestic violence threatening (17-A M.R.S. § 210-B), Domestic violence stalking (17-A M.R.S. § 210-C), and Domestic violence reckless conduct (17-A M.R.S. § 211-A).

“Stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. Examples of stalking may include:
unwanted, intrusive, and frightening communications by phone, mail, and/or email; repeatedly leaving or sending unwanted items such as gifts; following or waiting for a person at places such as home, school, or work; making direct or indirect threats of harm to a person, or to the person’s children, relatives, friends, or pets; damaging or threatening to damage property; harassment through the Internet or social media; and posting information or spreading rumors about a person.

Bias, Discrimination, and Hazing

Bowdoin College encourages freedom of expression, open dialogue, and mutual respect. Discrimination or harassment of others based on race, color, ethnicity, social class, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and/or expression, age, marital status, place of birth, veteran status, or against qualified individuals with disabilities on the basis of disability has no place in our intellectual community.

Members of the College community are encouraged to report behavior that is inconsistent with these values, these reports can make a difference. Even if you do not want or expect any action to be taken, this record helps the College to better understand and address these issues.

Here is how you can report these incidents:

Emergencies

If you are concerned about an immediate threat to your safety or property, or that of others, please call 911 or contact Bowdoin College Safety and Security at (207) 725-3500, or use one of the emergency “Blue Light” telephones located on campus.

Non-emergencies

Contact any of the following individuals or offices to make a report or receive support, or instead complete an online report:

- Benje Douglas, Senior Vice President for Inclusion and Diversity, (207) 721-5189
- Katherine O'Grady, Director of Institutional Equity and Compliance, (207) 725-3493
- Kate Stern, Associate Dean of Students for Inclusion and Diversity & Director of the Sexuality, Women & Gender Center, (207) 798-4223
- Eduardo Pazos Palma, Assistant Dean of Student Affairs for Inclusion and Diversity & Director of Multicultural Student Life, (207) 798-4196
- Oliver Goodrich, Director of the Rachel Lord Center for Religious and Spiritual Life, (207) 208-2977
- Counseling Services, (207) 725-3145
- Human Resources, (207) 725-3837
- Office of the Dean of Students, (207) 725-3149
- Safety and Security, (207) 725-3314
- Workplace Advisors

Contact any Residential Life student or professional staff member, particularly if the incident occurs in a Bowdoin residential space, (207) 725-3225.

Faculty or staff should contact a member of the Human Resources staff at (207) 725-3837 for incidents in the workplace.
Discrimination Policy
Respect for the rights of all and for the differences among us is essential for the Bowdoin community. Discrimination or harassment has no place in our intellectual community. Bowdoin College complies with applicable provisions of federal and state laws that prohibit unlawful discrimination in employment, admission, or access to its educational or extracurricular programs, activities, or facilities based on race, color, ethnicity, ancestry and national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and/or expression, age, marital status, place of birth, genetic predisposition, veteran status, or against qualified individuals with physical or mental disabilities on the basis of disability, or any other legally protected statuses. If members of the Bowdoin community experience or witness any apparent incident of harassment or discrimination by students, faculty, or staff, they may discuss their concerns or request advice from deans, academic advisors, proctors, or resident advisors. Such incidents violate both the ideals of the College and its Social Code and may be subject to appropriate disciplinary sanctions. When such incidents violate the statutes of the State of Maine or Federal Law, criminal prosecution may be pursued.

Hazing Policy
Philosophy - A learning community has a distinctive set of values and qualities meant to support individual growth and development. At Bowdoin, we value traditions, rituals, and rites of passage because they remind community members of their connections to one another and to the past and future of the College; they can build important bonds between groups and individuals. Athletic team or student organization initiations or traditions that attempt to build these bonds between members must do so in an affirming way without coercion or intimidation of any kind. In a learning community such as ours, we value lasting relationships grounded in mutual respect, not artificial connections created through shared humiliation. Hazing is a form of victimization. Hazing is comprised of a broad range of activities that demonstrate disregard for another person’s dignity or well-being or behaviors that may place another person in danger of physical or psychological discomfort or harm. A level of coercion is often involved, that is those being hazed felt pressure to participate in order to belong to the group or show commitment to group members. Hazing has dangerous potential to harm individuals, to damage organizations and teams, and to undermine the educational mission of the College and the fundamental values of our learning community.

Maine Law and College Policy
Bowdoin maintains a zero-tolerance policy regarding hazing, which is strictly prohibited. As such, no student, student organization, athletic team, other College-recognized group, or association shall conduct, condone, aid, or participate as a witness in hazing activities, consensual or not. The College’s policy conforms to Maine law, which defines “injurious hazing” as “any action or situation which recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health of a student enrolled at an institution in this State.”[1] In addition to disciplinary action imposed by the College, students who engage in hazing could find themselves subject to criminal prosecution by legal authorities. Bowdoin defines hazing more broadly to include any activity that is part of an initiation or admission into a group or is required for continued acceptance in a group and that encompasses one or more of the following:

1. physically or psychologically embarrasses, demeans, degrades, abuses, or endangers someone regardless of that person’s willingness to participate;
2. categorizes members of the group based upon seniority or standing or otherwise emphasizes the relative power imbalance of newer members;
3. involves the consumption of alcohol, drugs, or other substances;
4. removes, damages, or destroys property;
5. results in the disruption of College or community activities, the educational process, or the impairment of academic performance; and/or
6. violates a College policy and/or a state law.

This definition pertains to behavior on or off campus and applies whether or not the participants or others perceive the behavior as “voluntary.” The implied or expressed consent of any person toward whom an act of hazing is directed does not relieve any individual, team, or organization from responsibility for their actions nor does the assertion that the conduct or activity was not part of an official organizational or team event or was not officially sanctioned or approved by the organization or team.

Longstanding team or organizational traditions that are carried over from year-to-year sometimes constitute hazing. Discontinuing inappropriate traditions can be especially difficult because of pressure from within the group or from alumni. Such pressure, however, is not an excuse for unacceptable behavior; the College expects students to adhere to College policy and state law.

Some incidents of hazing are more serious than others. Generally, the greater the actual or potential physical or psychological harm, the more severe the hazing. Hazing incidents typically involve perpetrators (the planners and organizers), bystanders (those who participate but were not hazed or involved in the planning or organizing), and victims (those who were hazed). All involved are responsible for their behavior, but consequences will typically differ based on the seriousness of the incident and one’s level of responsibility, planning, or participation.

Violation of the hazing policy may subject an individual and/or recognized organization or team to disciplinary action by the College, either administrative or via the Conduct Review Board, with penalties up to and including suspension or dismissal for individuals and revocation of organizational recognition and funding or forfeiture of a season or disbandment in the case of a student organization or team.

No policy can address, in specific fashion, all possible activities or situations that may constitute hazing. The determination of whether an activity constitutes hazing will depend on the circumstances and context in which that activity is occurring, and that determination will be made by the Office of the Dean of Students and/or the Conduct Review Board.

Examples of mild to more severe hazing include, but are not limited to, any of the following activities that are part of an initiation or admission into a group or required for continued acceptance in a group:

- physical or verbal abuse of any kind or implied threats of physical or verbal abuse;
- branding or other body markings;
- encouraging or requiring a person to consume alcohol, drugs, unusual substances, or concoctions;
- encouraging or forcing a student to violate Maine law or College policy such as indecent exposure, theft, or trespassing;
- confining a person or taking a person to an outlying area and dropping him/her off;
- servitude such as encouraging or requiring a person to run personal errands, cook, clean, etc.;
- requiring a shaved head or other haircut;
- stunt or skit nights with degrading, crude, or humiliating games or acts;
- “mind games” or creating real or perceived psychological uneasiness or harm;
- encouraging or requiring public stunts or buffoonery;
- encouraging or requiring the wearing or carrying of apparel or items likely to subject the wearer to embarrassment, ridicule, or harm;
- encouraging or requiring new members to participate in inappropriate scavenger hunts or road trips;
- depriving a person of sleep;
- expecting certain items to always be in one’s possession; and
- requiring new members/rookies to perform duties not assigned to other members. Note: duties like carrying water to practice can be a first-year responsibility if other team members have similar responsibilities or all responsibilities are rotated among team members.

Note: Hazing does not include actions or situations that are subsidiary to officially sanctioned and supervised College
activities such as athletic training and events, e.g., running extra laps at practice.

Identifying Hazing
All members of the Bowdoin community must take responsibility for considering what does and does not constitute hazing. Student leaders bear particular responsibility for conducting their team, club, or organization in such a manner that welcomes new members without resorting to hazing to build group camaraderie.

Here are some key questions to consider when planning any activity that is part of an initiation or admission into a group or is required for continued acceptance in a group:

- Is a person or group being targeted in an inappropriate way because of status or class year?
- Would you be willing to describe the activity to your own parents, grandparents, the parents of a fellow student, a professor, a dean, the College president, a police officer, or a judge?
- How would you feel if the activity were photographed and appeared in The Orient or on Facebook, YouTube, or local TV?
- Is there a risk of real or even perceived physical or psychological discomfort or harm, i.e., was it demeaning, abusive or dangerous?
- Even if you would not be embarrassed by this activity, can you imagine that someone else might be?
- Could safety be at risk?
- Is there a level of coercion and peer pressure involved?
- Will current members be participating in the activities that new members will be asked to do?
- Do the activities interfere with students’ other activities or obligations (academic, extracurricular, family, religious, etc.)?
- Are alcohol and/or drugs involved?
- Is there a sexual element to the activity?
- Do any activities violate a College policy or federal, state, or local law?

Answering “Yes” or even “Maybe” to any of these questions suggests the activity could be construed as hazing and should therefore be avoided.

When in doubt about whether an activity constitutes hazing, always err on the side of caution, and ask a dean, coach, or other College employee who works with student organizations or teams. Engaging in open conversations about hypothetical situations can be especially helpful. Knowledgeable staff can provide additional examples of behaviors that might constitute hazing, examples of positive group-building activities and rites of passage for new members, assistance with organizing legitimate events to foster teamwork and cohesiveness, and other relevant information and support. Students who choose not to consult knowledgeable staff are taking ownership for their actions and responsibility for any consequences.

Taking Action
At Bowdoin, where community members look out and care for one another, students and employees are expected to intervene personally or by calling Security (207-725-3500) or the Brunswick Police (9-1-1) 24 hours a day if they encounter activities that put others in physical or psychological harm or discomfort. By stepping up and taking action, bystanders are frequently able to put an end to inappropriate behavior before a bonding activity escalates into a hazing activity. Bowdoin students and employees should notify appropriate College officials (Security, deans, coaches, or other College officials who have responsibilities for student organizations) of any perceived instance of hazing as defined by College policy and/or law and do so as soon as possible so the activity can be stopped, or the allegations can be investigated. Reports may be made directly or anonymously by submitting a letter to an appropriate College official or asking a College official that the report remain anonymous.

Education, Prevention, and Positive Group Bonding
Bowdoin Athletics, Residential Life, and Student Activities conduct ongoing educational activities to promote positive group identity and prevent hazing.

There are new-member activities that are positive and/or educationally valid that serve to build team, develop unity by connecting students to one another, create a sense of belonging, and bolster self-esteem. Examples include:
• a scavenger hunt or talent show involving all members of an organization or team in which all participants are treated equally, and the activities are not embarrassing, demeaning or dangerous;
• a themed dress-up party that is inclusive and not embarrassing or demeaning;
• paintballing;
• video game tournaments;
• meals together;
• study sessions;
• community service projects;
• attending other teams’ sporting events;
• movie nights;
• game or trivia nights;
• bowling;
• cooking classes or classes at the Craft’s Center;
• outdoor games—capture the flag, Frisbee, etc.;
• trips to Freeport, Portland, Fun Town Splash Town, etc.;
• mentoring relationships between old and new members;
• creating an organizational intramural sports team; or small or large group roundtable discussions on topics important to the team or organization.

Annual Conduct Review Board Report to the Community
Each fall, the Conduct Review Board chair and advisor present an annual report of the previous year’s Academic Honor Code and Social Code hearing for the purpose of increasing awareness of our community standards. The report summarized those cases that were handled by the Conduct Review Board and when relevant, it also includes (via footnote) any cases handled administratively by the dean of student affairs that resulted in suspension or dismissal from the College. This year, the Student Sexual Misconduct Board chair and advisor also provide information on five cases involving allegations of sexual assault and sexual misconduct as defined under the Student Sexual Misconduct Policy below. We encourage you to review the Campus and Community Index.
PREVENTION, PERSONAL SAFETY, AND SECURITY AWARENESS

Whether you are a student or employee you are responsible for the decisions you make. Trust your instincts, make safe choices, and look out for one another. We hope the suggestions below will give you some safety tools and make you think about situational awareness; if I need to escape what would be my best route, we are the fire alarms, where are the exits, are they fire escapes, these are things you can always be thinking of no matter where you are.

Pre-Incident Assault Indicators
All people are born with the "Fight or Flight" response. We all have had "hunches" or "gut feelings" about someone or a situation before. Those little hairs that stand up on the back of your neck is your subconscious telling you that something is not right, and you need to respond to that. Listen to your instincts and intuition. There is a greater than 95% chance that your instinct or opinion about a person or situation, formed in the first 3 to 5 seconds, is correct. Listen to and trust your inner voice and respond to it.

- Rely on your intuition. If it does not feel right...it is probably not right.
- Move beyond denial so that your intuition works for you.
- Be constantly aware of your surroundings.

Safety Advice for Students, Faculty, and Staff

Personal Safety

1. Stay alert! Radiate the message that you are calm, confident, and know where you are going.
2. Trust your instincts; if someone or something makes you uneasy, walk to a place where there are people.
3. Stand up for yourself by being assertive and confident, but do not be aggressive or confrontational with potential victimizers.
4. Walk away from people who are being verbally aggressive. Seek help from security, faculty, or friends if you need it.
6. Immediately notify security, or a faculty or staff member, of any bullying, victimization, or threats.
7. Set your social media privacy settings. It may be second nature to check-in on various social media platforms or to update your network with a plan for the evening, but this also alerts people to where you are or may be going. Only share personal information with trusted friends and family.
8. Make friends and socialize. This could help being singled out by an aggressor.
9. Remember, your personal safety is determined by the choices you make. Never hesitate to call Bowdoin security when you or someone else needs help.

On-Campus

1. If you feel unsafe and need a ride, call the Bowdoin Shuttle or Bowdoin security. Add the shuttle number (207-725-3337) and the security number (207-725-3500) to your phone contacts. Report suspicious persons or activity immediately.
2. Stick to well-traveled and well-populated routes when moving about campus. At night, take routes that are safe, familiar, and well-lit.
3. Travel with a friend or with a group when going out. Members of a group are far less likely to become victims of crime.
4. There are many emergency blue light emergency call boxes around the campus. Familiarize yourself with their locations.
Be aware of your surroundings all at times. Be careful about using devices that could distract your attention from potential danger, i.e., listening to loud music on headphones, or texting while walking.

Park your vehicle in open, well-lighted areas. Keep your vehicle locked and valuables out of sight. Check the front and back seats before getting into your vehicle.

Always use crosswalks and, if provided, use pedestrian-activated crosswalk warning devices. Do not assume that drivers see you. Before crossing make eye contact with approaching drivers and wait for them to stop for you.

Consider carrying pepper spray, a whistle, or alarm. Some phone apps offer personal alarms.

To prevent bicycle theft, lock your bike to a bike rack. Register your bike with security to help us recover it and return it.

**Parties and other Social Events**

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<td>1</td>
<td>Do not engage in reckless, high-risk behavior with alcohol or other drugs. Know your limits and stay within them. Avoid situations that may make you overindulge.</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Have a buddy system to let friends know where you are going, whom you are with, and when you are expected back.</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Make plans for a safe ride back to your residence before you go out. If you are a designated driver, stay sober.</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Watch your beverage when it is being made or poured, and never leave your beverage unattended.</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Avoid flashing around cash and other valuables, and never leave your property unattended.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>If an event is getting out of hand, or you are uncomfortable – leave! Make sure you have a safe way home with a responsible friend. Use the Bowdoin shuttle or call security if you need a safe ride home.</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Make sure your phone is fully charged before you go out.</td>
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**Residence or Apartment**

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Do not prop doors open. Keep doors and windows locked to help ensure the safety of all building residents.</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Do not let people you do not know into campus buildings. When using your card to swipe into a building, be aware of strangers who might try to follow you inside. Report any suspicious person or activity to security.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Protect your privacy by pulling curtains or window shades, especially after dark.</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Do not leave identification cards, credit cards, wallets, electronic devices, etc. in plain sight. Keep all valuables in a safe or locked drawer.</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Do not loan your One Card to anyone. If your card is ever lost or stolen, report it immediately to security or the One Card office so it can be deactivated and replaced.</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>When a building fire alarm sounds, evacuate immediately. If you accidentally set off a smoke alarm, a phone call to security will be help provide the appropriate level of response.</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Learn how to effectively use a stove and microwave oven. Many smoke and fire alarms are caused by the careless use of cooking appliances.</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Keep doors, hallways and fire always exits clear so as not to hinder a building evacuation.</td>
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**Off-Campus Living**

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Brunswick is a safe town, but it is always advisable to walk in well-traveled and well-lit areas.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Call 9-1-1 for police, fire, or medical emergencies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Be respectful of your neighbors. Keep noise to a reasonable level, especially at night when sound carries a great distance.</td>
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</table>
If you are living off-campus, be particularly mindful of fire safety. Check your smoke alarms regularly and create and rehearse primary and alternate escape routes.

If you live off campus, familiarize yourself with Brunswick’s disorderly house ordinance that may be invoked with complaints of neighborhood disturbances.

The Bowdoin Shuttle (207-725-3337) operates within a one-mile radius of campus. Another option is Brunswick Taxi at 207-729-3688.

### Fire Safety

1. **Do not panic!**
   - Walk do not run!
   - Do not use the elevator!

2. **If you see a fire and alarm is not sounding, pull a fire alarm and evacuate. Call 9-1-1, or Bowdoin security at 207-725-3500.**

3. **Only use a fire extinguisher if the fire is exceedingly small.**
   - Remember, to use a fire extinguisher, **pull** the pin, **aim** the nozzle at base of the fire, **squeeze** the handle, and **sweep** back and forth.
   - If, while using an extinguisher you feel unsafe, activate the fire alarm, and evacuate.

4. **Before exiting/entering a room where the door is closed, gently touch the doorknob**
   - If the doorknob is **hot**, do not open the door
   - If the doorknob is not hot, brace yourself against the door and crack it open
   - If there is heat or heavy smoke, close the door and stay in your room
   - If there is smoke in the room, keep low to the floor where the air is cleaner and cooler
   - Seal the cracks around the door with sheets, towels, or another items (wet if possible)
   - If you cannot exit, hang a sheet, or towel out the window to alert people that you are there
   - Call security at 725-3500 and report your location.
   - If you can exit safely, do so. Remember if there is smoke, keep low.

5. **If safe to do so, close all doors as you exit the building. Reducing oxygen, fuel, and heat will help contain the fire.**

6. **If someone is disabled or incapacitated, assist them to a safe area and alert emergency responders to their location.**

7. **When you have safely exited the building, gather at the designated rally point with other building occupants and account for missing persons.**

### Workplace Safety

1. **Never open your door to a stranger before or after regular business hours.**

2. **Notify security if working alone after normal business hours.**

3. **When alone, do not mention this fact to telephone callers.**

4. **Build a rapport with other employees to facilitate distinguishing strangers from co-workers.**

5. **Report any strange or threatening looking individuals to the Office of Safety and Security.**

6. **Be aware of your surroundings and plan escape routes and areas of refuge.**
ON-CAMPUS SAFETY MEASURES

Bowdoin SAFE APP
Bowdoin SAFE was developed by the Office of Safety and Security to make it easy to get help in an emergency, report a crime or incident, access campus resources, or utilize the app’s many safety features. You may download this free app at the Apple App Store.

Alerts – Emergency, Safety, and Timely Warnings
In the event that criminal or hazardous activity requires timely public notice to alert community members of potentially dangerous situations, the Office of Safety and Security prepares and distributes Timely Warnings and Security Alerts. Depending on the alert you would be notified by one or more of the following: College e-mail, text, phone call, voice mail, (phone numbers are the numbers listed in Polaris or WorkDay) and the Bowdoin website.

Bicycle Locks and Registrations
The use of bicycles on campus is encouraged as a safe and efficient mode of transportation. Bicycles parked outside should always be locked to a bike rack with a strong lock. U-bolt locks are recommended and are available for purchase at the Bowdoin Bookstore. Bicycles should not be locked to trees, railings, and light or signposts. Bicycles may also be stored inside designated bicycle storage rooms available in many dorms. To help deter theft and assist us in returning lost and stolen bicycles promptly, all bicycles used by students, faculty and staff on campus should register their bike with the Office of Safety and Security. There is no charge to register your bicycle.

Blue Light Emergency Phones
These phones are located throughout the Bowdoin campus. Either a blue light or yellow emergency call box will help you identify these phones. To contact the Office of Safety and Security with one of these phones, simply press the large red button on the phone. When an emergency phone is activated, the safety and security dispatcher will be alerted, and an officer will be sent to the location of the phone. No dialing or conversation is required. If possible, try to describe the nature of the emergency to the dispatcher.

Student Safety Meetings
Each fall the Executive Director and Associate Director of Safety and Security, with the Director of Health Services, visit each first-year residence hall to discuss safety, security, and health issues. In addition, the Office of Safety and Security participates in annual training for residential life student staff. To schedule a safety meeting for your residence hall or department, contact Kelly at 207-725-3458.

Campus Lighting
Light fixtures on campus are monitored for malfunctions and work orders are submitted when needed. Safety and security officers also monitor town streetlights on public ways in neighborhoods bordering the campus. Malfunctioning streetlights are immediately reported to Central Maine Power Company via a faxed trouble report. All members of the Bowdoin community are encouraged to report lighting safety concerns to the Facilities Department or to the Office of Safety and Security.

Cybercrime
Cybercrime has become increasingly prevalent over the past several years and the Bowdoin community has seen a significant increase as well. If you believe you have been the victim of a cybercrime, it is important that you report it. Whether it is a phishing attack, phishing phone call, ransomware, or identity theft, reporting these incidents allows us to help protect the rest of the community from the same or similar attacks. We rely on everyone to practice safe computing to protect the entire Bowdoin community from cyberthreats. If you have questions or need help, individualized advice and classes are available upon request to itsecurity@bowdoin.edu.
Electronic Device Registration
Have you ever left your phone or other device around campus, in a taxi, at a restaurant, or other places? We offer to students, faculty, and staff electronic device registration free of charge. Once you complete the registration you will be sent a small 1.5”x .75” decal to adhere to your device. This tag gives a person who finds your device a phone number to call if it is found. The number listed on the decal is the security communication center and is open 24/7/365. Security maintains a list of all the decal numbers and device owners. Once security is contacted that an item has been found, they will alert the owner.

Laptop Theft Prevention
Bowdoin College has STOP anti-theft security plates from www.stoptheft.com and offers them at no cost to Bowdoin students, faculty, and staff. STOP is a patented anti-theft, recovery, and inventory management system. Contact the Office of Safety and Security at 725-3458 for more information or to set up an appointment to have your free STOP security plate installed on your laptop and have your laptop registered in a worldwide database.

Lighted Pedestrian Crosswalks
Several crosswalks surrounding campus have been equipped with pedestrian-activated crosswalk warning devices that have flashing lights when button is pressed. These lights alert drivers and safeguard pedestrians. All members of the Bowdoin community are encouraged to use these safety devices day and night.

Self-Defense Courses
The Office of Safety and Security periodically offers a self-defense course, based on the level of student interest. The Office Safety and Security website lists self-defense courses available in the general area.

The Bowdoin Shuttle
The Bowdoin Shuttle provides safe and convenient transportation for Bowdoin students. The shuttle operates within an approximate one-mile radius of the campus center, an area that includes downtown Brunswick, and many off-campus student apartments. Hours of operation are Sunday through Wednesday, 6 p.m. to 2 a.m. and Thursday through Saturday, 6 p.m. to 3 a.m. The Bowdoin Shuttle provides service when the College is in session, seven days-a-week. The College employs professional shuttle drivers.

Weekly Security Report
A weekly security report in The Bowdoin Orient student newspaper informs the Bowdoin community of criminal activity and other incidents taking place on campus and offers crime prevention and personal safety information. The Office of Safety and Security also works with The Bowdoin Orient on weekly news stories and features highlighting campus safety issues. The Bowdoin Orient is published each Friday during the academic year.
A. Agreement and Related Information

1. **Residence Agreement.** All students living in College housing are required to comply with all rules, regulations, and policies related to student housing. This includes, but is not limited to, the information outlined below and various Residential Life publications (Opening and Closing Notices, Vacation Housing Notices, and the annual housing lottery document). In return, the College will work to provide Bowdoin students with safe, comfortable, well-maintained living spaces, in an academically conducive environment.

2. **Residency Requirement.** All first years and sophomores are required to live on campus in residence halls, apartments, or College Houses. Juniors and seniors interested in living off campus in private rentals should enter the [Off-Campus Housing Lottery](#) to seek approval to be released from their on campus living obligation. Approval to live off campus is not guaranteed and therefore students should refrain from signing leases until receiving approval to live off campus from the Office of Residential Life. The Office of Residential Life and Office of the Dean of Students will review all lottery names and may deny anyone for whom living off campus may not be the best option for the student or for the local-area community.

3. **Assignment Information.** Assignments for first-year students are made based on information requested prior to enrollment. The housing lottery is held in the spring. Information regarding the housing lottery will be announced by the Office of Residential Life. Except for students already assigned housing through an on-campus job, returning students choose housing for the next year by participating in the housing lottery. The lottery is run by the Residential Life staff. Lottery information is typically distributed immediately following spring vacation. Students returning for second semester, including those returning from off-campus study, are assigned via an open rooms process. All assignments are made at the room/suite/apartment level, students select their individual bedrooms when applicable. For more information, contact the Director of Residential and Housing Operations in the Office of Residential Life.

4. **Right to Assign and Reassign.** The Director of Residential and Student Life reserves the right to assign any vacancy in College-owned housing at any time, and/or to reassign any student at any time.

5. **Occupancy Periods.** Housing is available only when the College is in regular session. Students are required to vacate College housing between semesters and during spring break and when residences are otherwise closed. Information about dates and times that College residences open and close are published in the academic calendar in the Student Handbook. Closing notices are sent to on-campus students prior to each closing. Unless otherwise specified by the College, all students, except graduating seniors, are required to vacate within twenty-four hours of their last exam. Students who arrive before housing opens or remain after housing closes without express permission from the Office of Residential Life may face disciplinary action and/or incur fees.

6. **Transitional Housing.** Students who need housing between semesters, during spring break, or during the summer should read the closing notices and/or contact the Office of Residential Life prior to these periods. Remaining in College housing when the College is not in session or when residences are otherwise closed, without permission of the Office of Residential Life, is a violation of College policy.

7. **Opening Day.** All students must arrive no earlier than the scheduled opening day for fall and spring semesters. Early arrivals are not permitted. For more information, contact the Director of Residential and Housing Operations in the Office of Residential Life.

8. **Decorations.** Decorations, and the installation of any decorations, must not cause any damage to College property; hooks or clips should be used instead of nails, screws, or other hardware. No fasteners may penetrate
any surfaces. Occupants of rooms must not place objects, including, but not limited to, antennae, satellite dishes, or plants on outside walls, windowsills, window frames, roofs, fire escapes, or ledges.

No decorations of any kind may be hung from any sprinkler pipe, sprinkler head, smoke detector, strobe, or light/utility fixtures. Decorations that block or interfere with emergency exits or fire safety equipment, including exit signs, emergency lights, electrical/alarm panels, sprinklers, and fire extinguishers are prohibited. All other decorations must be made of non-flammable materials. Decorations or signs are ordinarily not permitted on the outside of buildings or in exterior windows. Exceptions require the approval of the Office of Residential Life.

Only UL-listed miniature lights may be used (preferably LED lights). No more than three strands of lights may be strung together at a time, to prevent overloading. All lights must be turned off when the room is unoccupied and overnight. Cut greenery, such as trees or wreaths, are not permitted.

9. **OneCards and Room Keys.** When school is in session, student residences are accessed by their OneCard. OneCards and room keys are issued through the OneCard Office located at the lobby of Coles Tower. Students are responsible for the key they sign out and must return it to the OneCard office upon moving out. For more information regarding keys, please see the Building Access section of the [OneCard website](#). Students have access to residence halls and apartments via their OneCard. Access may be restricted or limited at the will of the College. Exterior doors to residence halls are locked at all times. Students are asked to help keep unwanted guests or intruders from entering buildings by closing doors that others leave propped open and reporting suspicious behavior or malfunctioning doors to Security.

10. **Room Lockout Policy.** Students are expected to always carry their OneCard with them and are expected to keep their rooms locked. If a student locks themselves out of their room, they are to follow these steps to gain access to their room.
   a. Between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and midnight, students should attempt to find a student Residential Life staff member to gain entry to their room. Student Residential Life staff may not loan out their OneCard or master key.
   b. If a Residential Life staff member is unavailable, or it is after midnight, students should call Security at ext. 3314 to request entry to the room. If a student is requesting an excessive number of lockouts, the Director of Residential Life may request to meet with the student and/or take formal disciplinary action.
   c. Security can be contacted by calling ext. 3500 or 725-3500 in an emergency or ext. 3314 or 725-3314 in a non-emergency.

11. **Broken or Lost OneCards.** You must have a working OneCard to access buildings, eat in the dining halls, use your Polar Points, do laundry, make photocopies, and take books out from the library.

   If your OneCard does not function for any of the above-mentioned tasks, please go to the OneCard Office to obtain a replacement card.

   **If you lose or break your OneCard, you may obtain a new card for $15.00. This cost will be billed to your account through the Bursar’s Office. It is important to deactivate your card online at the [OneCard website](#) or call Security to have them deactivate it for you. This will protect your OneCard funds and keep the campus safe.**

12. **Personal Property.** The College assumes no responsibility for loss of, or damage to, a student's private property. Each student is encouraged to take appropriate steps to safeguard and insure their property including maintaining appropriate private property insurance. Any loss or theft of property should be reported to Security so that an official record is available if needed. The College does not provide storage for students' private property.
13. **Right to Enter.** Bowdoin College reserves the right to enter any College-owned space at any time for the purpose of responding to emergencies, maintaining acceptable health and safety standards, establishing order, making repairs, routine maintenance (including response to work orders), inventory, extermination, cleaning, enforcement of College rules and regulations, securing buildings during vacation and break periods, and for any other reasonable purpose. The resident's absence will not prevent such entry. Entry will be made by authorized College personnel.

14. **Right to Enter and Search.** The College reserves the right to enter and search student rooms/suites/apartments and/or belongings in any College building or storage space. A resident's room, suite, or apartment or possessions on campus will not be searched by College authorities unless there is sufficient reason to believe that a resident is using their assigned space for purposes which may be in violation of Federal, State, or local law or of College regulations.

Before conducting a search, the Security Office must have written permission from the Senior Vice President and Dean for Student Affairs, the Dean of Students, or the Director of Residential and Student Life. The written permission authorizing the search shall state the reasons for the search, a description of the objects or information sought, possessions and locations to be searched, and the approximate time the search will be conducted. Although not required by law, whenever possible the search will be conducted at reasonable times with occupant(s) present.

The College will cooperate with law enforcement officials who, having obtained a search warrant from an appropriate source having jurisdiction to issue such warrants, seek entry to student rooms for the purpose of executing such warrants.

15. **Accountability.** All occupants of a shared living space are responsible for all activities taking place in their space, including common rooms, whether they are present or not. All occupants can be held responsible for any prohibited or illegal activity or for any prohibited or illegal items found in the space.

16. **Withdrawal.** Upon withdrawal or suspension from the College, the individual student has forty-eight hours, or a time frame as determined by the Director of Residential and Student Life, to vacate the premises.

**B. Health and Safety in College Residential Halls**

The following fire safety code and college policy violations are subject to disciplinary action, including but not limited to, referral to the Conduct Review Board:

1. **Care of Rooms, Common Areas, and Furnishings.** All residents are responsible for keeping their room, suite, or apartment and all common areas in their building or apartment complex in acceptable condition in accordance with the Facilities Management Policy.

2. **Cooking/Kitchens.** In certain locations, the College provides cooking facilities for student use. Cooking other than by microwave outside of established kitchens is prohibited; students are allowed to use a microwave oven or coffeemaker in their room. Residents are responsible for food or other personal belongings left in the kitchen area. All food and trash must be properly disposed of, and students should check to be sure that ovens are turned off after use.

3. **Permitted Items:** The following items are permitted: Microwave ovens of 1000 watts or less and not larger than one cubic ft. in size, Energy Star-rated refrigerators less than four cubic ft. in size, computer equipment, coffeemakers, electric kettles, curling and clothing irons, hair dryers, desk fans, lamps, televisions, and DVD players. All permitted appliances must be Underwriters Laboratory (UL) approved. Permitted appliances in poor working condition, or those deemed inappropriate by the Director of Residential and Housing Operations, must be removed from College spaces.
4. **Prohibited Items:** Students are prohibited from possessing, using, or keeping the following items on-campus or in on-campus residential spaces, including common rooms:
   a. Any cooking/heating appliance not specifically listed above in the Permitted Items section, gas stoves or burners, camping stoves, space heaters, tanning lamps, and all halogen lamps.
   b. Any appliances that exceed 1000 watts.
   c. Air conditioning units, except when required by law.
   d. Fog machines, except by prior approval from the Office of Residential Life for one-time use during a registered event.
   e. Candles (regardless of intent to burn), scented plug-ins, wax warmers, and burnable incense. *Students who use candles for religious observation may not keep them in their residences and should coordinate with the Director of the Rachel Lord Center for Religious and Spiritual Life.*
   f. Battery or fuel powered hoverboards, smartboards, balance boards, skateboards, scooters, bicycles, and similar electric devices.
   g. Flammable liquids including, but not limited to camp-stove fuel, lamp oil, lighter fluid, propane, gasoline, and paint thinners.
   h. Fireworks and other pyrotechnics.
   i. Matches, lighters, and other ignitors may not be used under any circumstances in on-campus residential spaces. Please refer to the [Alcohol and Other Substances Use and Abuse](#) for more information.
   j. Certain room or residence decorations (see Section A(8) above).

Possession of one or more of these items may result in serious [disciplinary action](#).

5. **Fire Safety.** The following fire safety code and College policy violations will be subject to disciplinary action, including but not limited to, referral to the Conduct Review Board. Restitution or fines may also be assessed. If the violation results in personal injury to others, damage to College property, or is a repeat offense of the same violation, in addition to College disciplinary proceedings, the College may report the incident to law enforcement for prosecution or fine:
   a. **Setting of a Fire:** This includes intentional or accidental fires, even those caused by cooking or smoking in approved areas.
   b. **Setting off Fire Alarms:** This includes intentional or accidental fire alarms, even those caused by cooking or smoking in approved areas.
   c. **Failing to Evacuate:** When an alarm sounds all occupants MUST vacate the building immediately; to remain in the building during an active alarm is a violation of state and federal fire codes. This includes all residential and academic buildings.
   d. **Tampering with, Misusing, or Defeating Fire Protection Equipment:** This includes, but is not limited to removing or covering emergency exit lights or signage, hanging items of any kind from sprinkler heads or piping, propping open fire doors, disabling, or covering smoke detectors, or improperly discharging fire extinguishers or fire hoses. The improper discharge of a fire extinguisher is a significant environmental health concern due to the chemical suppressants it contains (normally consumed when properly applied to a fire) being a severe respiratory irritant, and a distinct hazard to persons with sensitive respiratory conditions.
   e. **Tampering with Any Wiring:** This includes, but is not limited to, electrical equipment, building wiring, cable TV, computer wiring, or overloading electrical outlets with multiple plugs. Only UL-approved grounded (three-prong) extension cords with an integral surge protector (such as those used for computers) are allowed; ungrounded (two-prong) extension cords of any kind are prohibited.
   f. **Causing or Contributing to a Fire Safety Hazard:** This includes, but is not limited to: storage of materials in exits, stairwells, hallways, or passageways in any manner that obstructs egress, storing an excessive amount of waste paper or other flammable materials, having ceiling hangings of any kind or wall...
hangings covering more than 50 percent of the wall space, and having an excessive amount of personal furniture in any College space. Personal furnishings must be UL-labeled for fire resistance where applicable.

g. **State, federal, or local law:** Any violation of state, federal, or local laws or ordinances, including Town of Brunswick Fire Department regulations.

h. **Decorations:** Any violation of the Decorations policy (see above).

6. **Firearms/Weapons.** Firearms, ammunition, and weapons of any kind are strictly prohibited in all College residences and other College spaces. Please refer to the [Weapons Policy](#) for more information.

7. **Pets and Animals.** To preserve student health and safety, no animals of any kind are permitted in any College spaces, except when required by law.

8. **Roofs and Balconies.** Bowdoin College strictly prohibits students from being on or accessing the roofs and balconies of any residence, as well as other College buildings. Students who allow others to access the roof or balcony from their room will be held accountable. The College assumes no financial or legal responsibility for injury or damages sustained due to this prohibited act.

9. **Winter Safety.** Tunneling into plowed snow piles on campus is extremely dangerous, and therefore a prohibited activity. The piles of snow are continuously moved and added to by heavy equipment at all hours of the night and day during the winter, and the drivers have no way of knowing whether someone is inside or not. In addition, hollowed-out piles can easily collapse under their own weight, trapping or suffocating any occupants.

C. **General Information**

1. **Furniture.** Furniture belonging to the College may not be removed from rooms/suites/apartments and common space. This furniture is for all current and future residents. This regulation includes, but is not limited to, removal of beds, mattresses, trash cans, desks, chairs, tables, bookshelves, couches, loveseats, and appliances. Students are expected to comply with requests to return furniture indoors or to its original location.

2. **Guests.** The College allows guests for up to three nights, but their presence may not infringe upon the rights of other Bowdoin students. Specifically, Bowdoin students are not to be unwillingly deprived of their assigned sleeping accommodations because of guests. Any room, suite, or apartment-mate or other Bowdoin student who feels inconvenienced by a guest should first discuss the matter with the host student. If that discussion does not resolve the matter, the student should contact their RA, Proctor, or the Residential Life Office. Bowdoin students who bring guests to campus are responsible for violations of College policies committed by their guests. Guests will also be held responsible for their actions to the extent possible.

3. **Lofts, Waterbeds, and Inflatables.** Homebuilt lofts and waterbeds are not permitted in College residences. Inflatable pools and/or hot tubs, or other related items are not permitted anywhere on campus.

4. **Noise.** In an academic setting, the need for quiet study areas takes precedence over recreational activities that cause noise. Noise is disruptive whenever it disturbs others. If disturbed by noise, approach the person making the noise to explain that the noise is a nuisance and ask them to quiet down. If this fails, contact the Proctor or RA who will speak with the person causing the disturbance. If the Proctor or RA is unavailable or it is after midnight, call Safety and Security to explain what steps have been taken and ask for assistance. For more information, see the [On-Campus Noise Policy](#).

5. **Noise in the Town of Brunswick:** In addition to being thoughtful of fellow students, all students should be considerate of local Brunswick residents. Many Brunswick residents live in the same neighborhoods as students,
and they deserve the same respect. Students hosting parties should be particularly cognizant of noise levels at their event and remind their guests to be quiet as they leave the event.

6. **Senior Week Housing.** All students except seniors (and those authorized to stay for Senior Week and Commencement) must vacate their rooms within twenty-four hours after their last exam. Senior Class sponsored events with alcohol are required to be registered during Senior Week.

7. **Solicitation.** College residential facilities are not open to any person selling or buying goods or services or otherwise soliciting. Students are urged to report solicitors to the Office of Safety and Security.

8. **Posters.** All posted materials in residence halls must include the name of a sponsoring department, organization, or individual and must comply with all College policies cited in the Student Handbook.

**D. POLICY VIOLATIONS AND DISCIPLINARY ACTION**

Violations of any Residential Life policies or procedures constitute a violation of the Student Code of Conduct, including the Social Code, and may result in disciplinary action.
Bowdoin College is committed to open communications and coordinated emergency management of incidents occurring in our community. Our Campus Emergency Management Team (CEMT) operates under the principles of the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and the Incident Command System (ICS). Planning, exercises, and actual campus incident response drive our application of various degrees of ICS coordination and oversight. It is our intent to hone our readiness and continuously improve our incident response by paying close attention to the needs of our organization and constituents, and by applying lessons learned from local, national, and international crisis responses.

Bowdoin College has a detailed all-hazard Campus Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) in place to manage the anticipated issues associated with a declared disaster on campus, defined as an event that has the potential to:

- Seriously impair or halt the operations of the College; or
- Result in mass casualties or extensive property damage; or
- Significantly impact the campus community or geographic region.

Examples of potentially disastrous circumstances could include a major storm, extensive fire or explosion, chemical release, prolonged utility failure, act of violence or terrorism, or epidemic disease. This planning conforms to the most recent recommendations of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), and is coordinated with parallel efforts by local, county and state law enforcement, and emergency response agencies. The key components of the plan include:

- Preventative measures designed to protect the overall safety of the campus community;
- Phased decision-making guidance based upon real-time reporting at the international, national, regional, state, and local levels;
- Providing continuity of services for the on-campus population for the duration of any emergency; and recovery and returning to normal operations as soon as feasible.

Here is the abbreviated public version of the Bowdoin College Campus Emergency Management Plan (CEMP).
Annual Emergency Exercises
The College conducts an annual exercise of the Campus Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) each academic year, in coordination with local, county and state emergency response agencies. The Campus Emergency Management Team (CEMT) and representatives of emergency response agencies have conducted exercises to date that include potential terrorist activities, a release of hazardous materials, an explosive device, an active shooter, arson, missing persons, an extended power outage, an international travel crisis, and a catastrophic fire.

In 2016, Bowdoin College adopted the Standard Response Protocol which is an additional mechanism to prepare for lockout, lockdown, shelter, or evacuate procedures. Training was provided and is ongoing to the CEMT, building coordinators, and all functional areas directly involved in the safekeeping of the campus. The CEMP is reviewed and updated regularly with drills, exercises, and trainings being conducted each academic year to emphasize topical issues of concern and evaluate the College’s response measures. Examples of drills and exercises conducted annually include:

LOCKOUT DRILLS
These drills call for all Bowdoin College buildings to be remotely or manually locked with all employees, students and visitors instructed via mass notification announcements to remain inside or seek shelter for the duration of the drill. The purpose of this drill is to evaluate the College’s ability to promptly secure building perimeters in the event of a life-threatening campus emergency, provide practical experience in the Standard Response Protocol, increase situational awareness, and establish a baseline for future emergency response training and drills.

LOCKDOWN DRILLS
The LOCKDOWN drill comprises all the characteristics of a LOCKOUT drill with heightened response actions, taking into consideration that a violent life-threatening person may be on campus or in a College building. The drill prepares students, faculty, and staff to retreat behind lock doors. Remember “Locks, Lights, Out-Of-Sight.”

TABLETOP EXERCISES
The tabletop exercise is an interactive meeting to discuss a simulated emergency. Members of the CEMT and public partners review and discuss the actions they would take in a particular emergency, evaluating their emergency plans in an informal, low stress environment. This process clarifies roles and responsibilities and identifies mitigation and preparedness needs.

COMPLETED DRILLS, EXERCISES, AND TRAININGS (All drills are announced)
- CEMT training and review, January 11, 2018, 9:30 a.m.
- Flu Preparedness Meeting, January 31, 2018, 11:00 a.m.
- Lockdown drill, March 07, 2018, 11:00 a.m.
- Tabletop Exercise, June 07, 2018, 8:00 a.m., Topic: Active shooter
- Lockout drill, September 26, 2018, 11:00 a.m.
- CEMT training, Continuation of June 7, 2018, tabletop, January 16, 2018, 9:00a.m
- Lockdown drill, March 2019 – College closed due to COVID 19
- CEMT Subcommittee Meeting, March 19, 2019, 10:00 a.m., Topic: COVID 19
- Lockout drill, September 25, 2019, 11:00 a.m.
- CEMT tabletop exercise, June 5, 2019, 8:00 a.m., Topic: Protest and Demonstrations
- Lockout/lockdown drills 2020 – Cancelled due to COVID 19
- CEMT tabletop exercise, September 24, 2020, 11:00 a.m., Topic: Power Outage
- CEMT tabletop exercise, September 19, 2021, 9:00 a.m., Topic: COVID 19 Outbreak
- Lockdown drill, April 6, 2022, 11:00 a.m.
- Active Shooter drill with BPD, August 10, 2022
CEMP Questions and Answers

1. **What is a Disaster?**
   A disaster is any event that may seriously impairs the operation of the College, causes mass casualties, and/or results in severe property damage. Such events may include major storms, catastrophic fires or explosions, large-scale chemical releases, epidemic diseases, or terrorist actions. The CEMP is not intended to address isolated or small-scale incidents, such as an individual accident or act of violence, minor oil or chemical spills, or a single-building fire.

2. **How is the Plan activated?**
   The Plan is activated upon report of any event determined by the College Administration to be a disaster, rather than an isolated emergency. Once activated, key College personnel are notified of the event, and they or their designated alternates are convened as the Campus Emergency Management Team (CEMT) to assess and coordinate the College’s response to the disaster.

3. **Who participates in the College’s response?**
   The CEMT membership includes senior representatives of the College Administration, Facilities Management, Safety and Security, Residential Life, Academic Affairs, Student Affairs, Human Resources, Dining Services, Information Technology, Health Services, and Public Affairs. The College also maintains mutual aid agreements with local fire and police departments, hospitals, and emergency responders, who are contacted as needed depending on the event. In addition, state, and federal law enforcement, environmental, and emergency management agencies would be contacted as the situation demanded.

4. **What are the priorities of the responders?**
   All emergency response actions are governed by the following protocols:
   - **Initial Assessment** of the event to determine response actions;
   - **Life Safety** of individuals is to be assured immediately;
   - **Protection of Property** by limiting and controlling the extent of the event;
   - **Population Welfare** of persons in need of shelter and care; and
   - **Recovery** to normal operations as soon as feasible.

5. **What facilities does the College have to deal with a disaster?**
   Upon declaration of a disaster, an **Emergency Operations Center (EOC)** is activated. The EOC is where the CEMT convenes, establishes communications, and centralizes its response efforts in conjunction with outside agencies. The Security Communications Center is responsible for routing emergency information. Farley Field House is a designated Red Cross emergency and evacuation shelter, both for the College and surrounding community.

6. **How will I know when a disaster has been declared, and what to do?**
   The College will immediately consider the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, and initiate the emergency notification system, unless the notification will, in the professional judgement of the responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The campus community will be notified through their workplace, email, and voicemail, by automated messages via the emergency notification system, and/or by public announcements through the media, that an event has occurred and what actions should be taken. Follow up information will be provided in a similar fashion through the Office of Communications and Public Affairs. In any event, the directions of the On-Scene Commander (typically the senior fire or police officer present) are to be followed immediately.

7. **What can I do to prepare for a disaster?**
   Be aware of the physical conditions of your workplace, such as knowing where fire exits, and alarm boxes are located. Have a contingency plan to address personal concerns, such as necessary medications and emergency contact numbers, in the event of an evacuation or isolation. Report any unusual activities or concerns to Security
at 207-725-3500. Remain calm and follow the instructions of the College Administration and the emergency responders.

8. **Town of Brunswick Alert Center**
   Alert Center allows you to view all alerts and emergencies in your area. If there are alerts or emergencies, they will be listed below by category. To be instantly notified of alerts and emergencies subscribe to Notify Me® or RSS.

9. **Sharing information with the larger community**
The Public Safety Agencies of Cumberland County are using CodeRED, a high-speed mass notification system to keep you safe in the event of an emergency. The system allows us to deliver emergency messages to you via phone call to your landline or mobile device and through text and email. You will know you have received a CodeRED alert when the number 866-419-5000 (Emergency Notification) or 855-969-4636 (General Notification) appears on your caller ID. If you missed any messages details, you could dial the toll-free number back, as many times as needed.

   Town residents can be notified if they sign up for CodeRED through the [Cumberland County Regional Communication Center](#). CodeRED is a high-speed mass notification system to keep you informed in the event of an emergency via text, phone, and/or email. Information may also be found on the Bowdoin website, local news or radio stations, Brunswick police Facebook page, and the town of Brunswick website.

10. **Who can answer my questions about the College’s emergency planning?**

    Randy Nichols, Executive Director  
    Jeff Tuttle, Director  
    Office of Safety and Security  
    Facilities Management  
    207-725-3474  
    207-725-3763  
    rnichols@bowdoin.edu  
    jtuttle@bowdoin.edu
EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION SYSTEM

The Bowdoin College Emergency Notification System (App Armor) uses a secure, web-based service to store contact information provided by students, faculty, and staff, through which the College would alert and communicate information and instructions in the event of a major campus emergency. Emergency messages are sent simultaneously via phone, email, and text messaging to the numbers and addresses on file for each person.

In the event of a campus emergency or dangerous situation that poses an immediate threat to the health and safety of the students and employees, the College will without delay, and taking into account the safety of community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notifications system to the campus community, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The Executive Director will compile the content of the message and may consult with the Senior Vice President for Communications and Public Affairs or their designee and/or the Senior Vice President for Finance and Administration and Treasurer or their designee. Subsequent messages would be sent as necessary with further instructions and situational updates. Emergency messages would be sent simultaneously via voice mail, email, and/or text messaging to the numbers and addresses on file for each person within the College’s Polaris and WorkDay program.

In an urgent but non-life-threatening situation, College administrators have the option to deliver a more selective emergency message directly to those listed on-campus telephone numbers and email addresses, as well as to a primary telephone number designated by the individual, to specific campus populations and/or the community.

Note: An institution that follows its emergency notification procedures is not required to issue a timely warning based on the same circumstances but must provide follow-up information as needed.

As the effectiveness of this system is dependent on the accuracy of the information maintained on file, all members of the campus community are urged to regularly update their contact information on file.

CHECK/UPDATE YOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

STUDENTS - Review your personal information (including your emergency contacts) on Polaris. To correct your contact information, use this Student Biographical Change form. Please make sure the information on Polaris is up-to-date. Contact the Office of the Registrar for assistance.

FACULTY AND STAFF - The College maintains employee contact information in Workday. Please take a moment to check your Primary Phone by doing the following:

1. Sign in to WORKDAY, click on the Personal Information icon.
2. On the left side under the Change menu, click Contact Information.
3. Under the Home Contact in the Phone Number section the number listed as Home Primary is the number the Black Board Connect uses. To update this number, click the gray EDIT button on the top left of the screen.
4. In the Primary Phone section click the Pencil icon- list whichever number is the BEST way to reach you. Your cell phone can be your home number.
5. Click Submit and you are done!
Shelter-in-Place Procedure
The general procedure during a life-threatening emergency is to remain inside the building you are in and seek a place of safety. Remain in a locked interior room and stay away from windows. Leaving a building may expose you to danger.

- If you are inside, stay where you are. Collect any readily available supplies and keep a telephone at hand.
- If you are outdoors, go to the nearest campus building and seek shelter.
- Locate an interior room, above ground level, and with no windows, if possible.
- Close and lock all doors and windows and stay away from them.
- Turn off air conditioners, heaters, and fans. Close vents to ventilation systems.
- Await further instructions from emergency services personnel.
- If the building is unsafe to remain in, evacuate and seek shelter in the nearest campus building.

Evacuation Procedures
In the event it becomes necessary to evacuate specific buildings to mitigate a life-threatening emergency, campus security authorities will coordinate their efforts with emergency responders as follows:

- At the direction of campus security authorities or the responding On-Scene Commander (OSC), the building’s fire alarm will be activated (if it has not been already) and you will be evacuated according to established plans.
- Do not burden yourself with unnecessary items or use the building’s elevators. Follow all instructions given by security or response personnel.
- You will be directed away from the building to a designated safe zone, where you will be processed by emergency response services to address any injuries or other concerns.
- If the evacuation will be prolonged, College Administrators will arrange for the temporary relocation of the building’s occupants, as necessary.
- No one will be allowed to reenter the building without the express permission of the OSC.

Active Shooter – How to Respond
(U.S. Department of Homeland Security)

Profile of an Active Shooter
An Active Shooter is an individual actively engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a confined and populated area; in most cases, active shooters use firearm(s) and there is no pattern or method to their selection of victims.

Active shooter situations are unpredictable and evolve quickly. Typically, the immediate deployment of law enforcement is required to stop the shooting and mitigate harm to victims.

Because active shooter situations are often over within 10 to 15 minutes, before law enforcement arrives on the scene, individuals must be prepared both mentally and physically to deal with an active shooter situation.

Good Practices for Coping with an Active Shooter Situation
- Be aware of your environment and any possible dangers
- Take note of the two nearest exits in any facility you visit
- If you are in an office, stay there and secure the door
- If you are in a hallway, get into a room and secure the door
- As a last resort, attempt to take the active shooter down. When the shooter is at close range and you cannot flee, your chance of survival is much greater if you try to incapacitate him/her
- CALL 9-1-1 WHEN IT IS SAFE TO DO SO!

How to Respond When an Active Shooter is in Your Vicinity
 Quickly determine the most reasonable way to protect your own life. Remember that customers and clients are likely to follow the lead of employees and managers during an active shooter situation.
1. Evacuate (RUN)
If there is an accessible escape path, attempt to evacuate the premises. Be sure to:
- Have an escape route and plan in mind
- Evacuate regardless of whether others agree to follow
- Leave your belongings behind
- Help others escape, if possible
  - Prevent individuals from entering an area where the active shooter may be
  - Keep your hands visible
  - Follow the instructions of any police officer
  - Do not attempt to move wounded people
- CALL 9-1-1 WHEN YOU ARE SAFE!

2. Hide Out (HIDE)
   a. If evacuation is not possible, find a place to hide where the active shooter is not likely to find you.
   b. Your hiding place should:
      - Be out of the active shooter’s view
      - Provide protection if shots are fired in your direction (i.e., an office with a closed and locked door)
      - Not trap you or restrict your options for movement
   c. To prevent an active shooter from entering your hiding place:
      - Lock the door
      - Blockade the door with heavy furniture
   d. If the active shooter is nearby:
      - Lock the door
      - Silence your cell phone and/or pager
      - Turn off any source of noise (i.e., radios, televisions)
      - Hide behind heavy items (i.e., cabinets, desks)
      - Remain quiet
   e. If evacuation and hiding out are not possible:
      - Remain calm
      - Call 9-1-1, if possible, to alert police to the active shooter’s location
      - If you cannot speak, leave the line open and allow the dispatcher to listen.

3. Act against the active shooter (FIGHT)
As a last resort, and only when your life is in imminent danger, attempt to disrupt and/or incapacitate the active shooter by:
- Acting as aggressively as possible against him/her
- Throwing items and improvising weapons
- Yelling
- Committing to your actions

How to React When Law Enforcement Arrives
- Remain calm, and follow officers’ instructions
- Put down any items in your hands (i.e., bags, jackets)
- Immediately raise hands and spread fingers
- Always keep your hands visible
- Avoid making quick movements toward officers such as holding on to them for safety
- Avoid pointing, screaming and/or yelling
- Do not stop to ask officers for help or direction when evacuating, just proceed in the direction from which officers are entering the premises
Information to provide to law enforcement or 9-1-1 operator

- Location of the active shooter
- Number of shooters, if more than one
- Physical description of shooter/s
- Number of potential victims at the location

The first officers to arrive to the scene will not stop to help injured persons. Expect rescue teams composed of additional officers and emergency medical personnel to follow the initial officers. These rescue teams will treat and remove any injured persons. They may also call upon able-bodied individuals to assist in removing the wounded from the premises.

Once you have reached a safe location or an assembly point, you will likely be held in that area by law enforcement until the situation is under control and all witnesses have been identified and questioned. Do not leave until law enforcement authorities have instructed you to do so.

Reactions of Managers during an Active Shooter Situation

Employees and customers are likely to follow the lead of managers during an emergency. In an emergency, managers should be prepared to:

- Take immediate action
- Remain calm
- Lock and barricade doors
- Evacuate staff and customers via a planned evacuation route to a safe area

Recognizing Potential Workplace Violence

An active shooter in your workplace may be a current or former employee, or an acquaintance of a current or former employee. Intuitive managers and coworkers may notice characteristics of potentially violent behavior in an employee. Alert your Human Resources department if you believe an employee or coworker exhibits potentially violent behavior.

Indicators of Potential Violence by an Employee

Employees typically do not just “snap” but often display indicators of potentially violent behavior over time. If these behaviors are recognized, they can often be managed and treated. Potentially violent behaviors by an employee may include one or more of the following (this list of behaviors is not comprehensive, nor is it intended as a mechanism for diagnosing violent tendencies):

- Increased use of alcohol and/or illegal drugs
- Unexplained increase in absenteeism: vague physical complaints
- Noticeable decrease in attention to appearance and hygiene
- Depression/withdrawal
- Resistance and overreaction to changes in policy and procedures
- Repeated violations of company policies
- Increased severe mood swings
- Noticeably unstable, emotional responses
- Explosive outbursts of anger or rage without provocation
- Suicidal: comments about “putting things in order”
- Behavior which suspects of paranoia, (“everybody is against me”)
- Increasingly talks of problems at home
- Escalation of domestic problems into the workplace; talk of severe financial problems
- Talk of previous incidents of violence
- Empathy with individuals committing violence
- Increase in unsolicited comments about firearms, other dangerous weapons, and violent crimes
VIDEO: RUN. HIDE. FIGHT. ® SURVIVING AN ACTIVE SHOOTER EVENT
This video is Department is a Department of Homeland Security Grant Funded Project of the Regional Catastrophic Planning Initiative. Produced by the City of Houston Mayor’s Office of Public Safety and Homeland Security.

VIDEO: A NAVY SEAL REVEALS HOW TO SURVIVE AN ACTIVE SHOOTER
Clint Emerson, retired Navy Seal explains how to survive and active shooter, provides safety practices, and suggestions on protecting yourself.

VIDEO: STANDARD RESPONSE PROTOCOL ON CAMPUS
This video supports the Standard Response Protocol for training the College community for preparation in the event of an armed intruder on campus. In partnership with the Koshka Foundation and the Columbine: Wounded Minds Project, the “I Love U Guys” Foundation has produced this training video for College communities.
ALCOHOL AND OTHER SUBSTANCES USE AND ABUSE

The overarching priority of the College with respect to alcohol and drugs is to help ensure the safety and well-being of Bowdoin students while complying with all applicable federal, state, and local laws. As part of its educational mission, the College is committed to reducing substance abuse, enhancing the development of responsible behavior regarding the consumption of alcoholic beverages, and devising policies and educational information that will reduce dangerous drinking.

The College aims to improve students’ understanding of the risks associated with alcohol and drug abuse. College policies and procedures also reflect additional expectations for student conduct based on the College’s concerns about high-risk drinking behaviors, such as binge drinking and the rapid or competitive consumption of alcohol, and their many adverse consequences for students’ health and lives. Those students concerned about their own substance use or worried about a friend can seek assistance in a number of places on campus including Health Services, the Counseling Center, the Office of the Dean of Students, and the Office of Residential Life.

Ultimately, this policy is intended to honor both the rights of the individual and the standards of the community. The following informs students about relevant state and federal laws, Bowdoin’s rules associated with alcohol and drug use, and the physical and medical consequences of alcohol and drug use.

Bowdoin’s primary concern is the health and safety of its students. Students are urged not only to take care of their own well-being, but to behave in an equally responsible way with their peers. There may be times when health and safety concerns arise from a student’s excessive drinking or drug use, and in these situations, students should not hesitate, out of fear of disciplinary action, to seek help from Bowdoin Security, Residential Life Student Staff, medical or counseling professionals, and/or local or state police.

PHYSICAL AND MEDICAL EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

Alcohol is a drug that is absorbed into the bloodstream and transmitted to virtually all parts of the body. It is a depressant that causes a number of changes in behavior, though particular effects vary among individuals. Even one or two drinks will significantly affect alertness, judgment, and physical coordination, making it dangerous to drive and participate in sports, and impairing the ability to make decisions about further drinking. Small to moderate amounts of alcohol can increase aggressive behavior. Larger amounts cause physical effects such as staggering, slurred speech, double vision, sudden mood swings, and marked impairment of higher mental functions, severely altering your ability to learn and remember. Very high consumption, either long-term or in binges, can cause unconsciousness, respiratory arrest, and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much smaller amounts of alcohol will cause the same effects. Combining alcohol consumption with stimulants, such as energy drinks, can mask the effects of alcohol. This can make it more difficult for individuals to judge their level of intoxication and can therefore lead to a higher consumption of alcohol than is safe. Heavy drinking may cause dependency on alcohol; sudden withdrawal may produce severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions, and may even be life-threatening. Long-term heavy drinking increases the risk of developing liver and heart disease, circulatory problems, peptic ulcers, various forms of cancer, and irreversible brain damage. Women who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with fetal alcohol syndrome, causing irreversible physical and mental effects. Children of alcoholic parents may suffer from a number of developmental and psychological problems and are a greater risk of becoming alcoholics than are other children.

As the American College Health Association says in *Alcohol Use and You: Decisions on Tap* - abusing alcohol can cripple the chances for a good life. Too much drinking, even once, can cause pain and harm the lives of others. It can result in sports injuries, car accidents, fights, unplanned parenthood, sexual assault, and sexually transmitted diseases. Over time, too much drinking leads to slow, steady damage to the body and mind.

Controlled substances have a number of physical and mental effects, summarized in the Drug Enforcement Administration Fact Sheets located at: [https://www.dea.gov/factsheets](https://www.dea.gov/factsheets).
ALCOHOL POLICY

State Laws
Bowdoin College students must comply with Maine state laws regarding the consumption, sale, purchase, and delivery of alcohol. A summary of applicable Maine law is provided below:

a. Individuals must be twenty-one (21) years of age or older to purchase, possess, consume, or transport alcoholic beverages in Maine.

b. It is illegal for minors (20 years of age or younger) to purchase, possess, consume, or transport liquor.

c. It is illegal to falsify official Maine state identification cards or any identification material for the purpose of procuring alcoholic beverages. Moreover, no person may misrepresent age verbally or in writing or practice deceit in the procurement of an identification card, possess a false identification card, or sell, furnish, or give an identification card to another for the purpose of procuring liquor.

d. Only licensed liquor dealers may sell alcoholic beverages in Maine. Charging admission to parties where alcoholic beverages are available for “free” or possessing liquor with the intent to sell is illegal, as are any similar arrangements having similar effects.

e. No person may knowingly furnish, procure, deliver, or sell liquor or imitation liquor to a minor or allow any minor under their control to possess or consume liquor or imitation liquor.

f. It is illegal to knowingly procure in any way and/or assist in procuring, furnishing, giving, delivering, or selling liquor to/or for an intoxicated person. It is illegal to serve liquor to an intoxicated person if the server knows that such person is visibly intoxicated.

g. Consumption of alcoholic beverages in a public place is illegal without a special license or permit issued by authorized Maine state officials.

h. No person may drink liquor while operating a motor vehicle on any public way. A driver of a vehicle is also in violation of Maine law if the driver or a passenger of the vehicle possesses an open alcoholic beverage container in a vehicle on a public way. In addition, operating a motor vehicle with a blood-alcohol level of 0.08% or higher is illegal and, for a first offense, will automatically result in a suspension of your driver’s license or permit and/or a fine of at least $500. If you are under age twenty-one, the state considers you intoxicated if you have consumed any amount of alcohol and your license will be automatically suspended.

Hard Liquor
No student, regardless of age, may possess hard liquor on College premises. Hard liquor that is found on campus by Security will be confiscated. Generally, this excludes beer, malt beverages, wine, and hard cider.

Drinking and Other Party Games
Any games that encourages the rapid or frequent ingestion of alcohol or other intoxicant are not permitted even if the game is played using water or non-alcoholic beverages. Paraphernalia identified as intended for use in a drinking game, including tables, may be confiscated by Security, and will become property of the College.

Personal Responsibility
Students influenced by alcohol or other substances are fully responsible for their actions and any damages they may cause. Individuals are also accountable for verbal or physical abuse toward other individuals or personal property. In addition, conduct violations may result in formal disciplinary action, including financial restitution for any and all damages incurred.

Student Activity Fees
Student groups cannot use student activity fees or any other College funds for the purchase of alcohol, without permission of the Office of the Dean for Student Affairs.

Restricted Areas
Please refer to the Policy for Social Events, Parties, and Gatherings Drinking for information on where alcohol is permitted on campus. Alcohol is not permitted in public places (e.g., common rooms, outdoor areas, residence hallways,
stairwells, etc.) or outside private rooms is prohibited by College policy and Maine state law. Except under special circumstances approved by the College, alcoholic beverages are not permitted in Kresge Auditorium, Hawthorne-Longfellow Library, Pickard Theater, Morrell Gymnasium, Farley Field House, Dayton Arena, Hatch Science Library, Watson Arena, Walker Art Museum, academic or other buildings, and facilities where the primary function of the building would be intruded upon or potentially impaired through the use of individuals consuming alcoholic beverages.

Alcohol is not permitted in any residence where first-year students reside.

ILLEGAL DRUG AND DRUG ABUSE AND MISUSE

Bowdoin College expects its students and employees to comply with all the requirements of federal and Maine state law. As such, the possession, trafficking, or use of illegal drugs, including the illegal distribution of prescription drugs, and/or drug paraphernalia, as defined in Maine and federal statutes are prohibited and subject the violator to disciplinary action by the College as well as possible prosecution by local, state, and/or federal authorities. Federal laws, including those governing marijuana and cannabis, preempt state law and, therefore, apply on Bowdoin’s campus. The use of vaping devices, including but not limited to, mods, pens, hookahs, JUULs, and e-cigarettes, to consume cannabis products, including but not limited to edibles, is strictly prohibited anywhere on College premises. Bowdoin students or employees who disregard the various drug laws are responsible for their actions and are not immune from the legal process by virtue of their educational or employment status.

Students whose illegal drug use or abuse of prescription drugs comes to the attention of the Office of the Dean of Students will generally be referred to Counseling Services or another drug treatment program. Depending on the circumstances, the student may also be subject to disciplinary action.

Violations that warrant dismissal from the College include: (1) selling or distributing illegal or prescription drugs; (2) placing illegal or prescription drugs in the beverages or food of others; (3) possession or consumption of illegal drugs; and (4) possession or consumption of medication that is not a student’s own prescription. If the Office of the Dean of Students receives reliable information or other evidence of such an offense, the Dean of Students may temporarily suspend the student pending formal hearing by the Conduct Review Board.

SMOKING POLICY

Indoor smoking is not permitted anywhere on College property, this includes the use of vaping devices (including but not limited to, mods, pens, hookahs, JUULs, and e-cigarettes), including residence halls and office buildings. Smoking is also not permitted on athletic grounds, in College vehicles, or within fifty feet of all building entrances.

Individuals must be twenty-one (21) years of age or older to purchase, possess, or consume tobacco and tobacco products in Maine (except students born before July 1, 2000). It is illegal for minors (20 years of age or younger) to purchase, possess, or consume tobacco products in Maine. For more information, please visit the Bowdoin’s Campus Non-Smoking Environment.

Disabling or otherwise tampering with any fire safety device, to allow smoking in residential spaces or for any other reason, is a violation of both College policy and state and federal law and will result in sanctions and possible criminal prosecution.

ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT

Because alcohol, marijuana, and other drugs are psychoactive substances that present the possibility of addiction and other negative physical and psychological consequences, the College feels a responsibility to provide assessment and treatment (within certain parameters) to those individuals whose alcohol or other substance related behaviors indicate the potential for such consequences. Such individuals who come to the attention of the College will be referred, usually by the Office of the Dean of Students or the Office of Residential Life to either Bowdoin’s Health Services or Counseling Services for a substance use evaluation. This evaluation may result in a recommendation for treatment, which could take
place individually or in a group, either on-campus or at an outside agency, depending on the particular circumstances and needs of the individual.

Students are encouraged to seek education about alcohol and the effects alcohol has on the body. Programs and resources are available through Health Services, Counseling Services and Residential Life. Further, the College maintains a relationship with a consulting licensed alcohol and drug counselor, who is available to students. Students who receive disciplinary sanctions related to an alcohol-related infraction will be required to participate in an alcohol education program and meet with a licensed alcohol and drug counselor as deemed appropriate.

COUNSELING AND TREATMENT

The Bowdoin College Counseling Service is staffed by mental health professionals trained in psychiatry, psychology, social work, and counseling who are prepared to assist students experiencing difficulties related to the use of alcohol or drugs. Counseling Services provides two free confidential sessions with an off-campus licensed alcohol and drug counselor to any student who thinks their alcohol or drug use may be problematic. Students may also consult with the licensed substance abuse counselor or another clinician at Counseling Services if they are concerned about a friend or family member’s alcohol or drug use. Counseling Services staff also meets with students who are mandated for a three-session alcohol and drug evaluation with a licensed alcohol and drug counselor. Typically, the Office of the Dean of Students initiates these referrals following a series of alcohol/drug related infractions. In this case, students are responsible for the alcohol and drug evaluation fee ($300) and a report will be generated at the conclusion of the assessment that will be sent to Counseling Services where it will remain confidential. Only a brief summary will be shared with the Office of the Dean of Students to verify that a student has been evaluated and that a treatment or follow-up plan is in place.

Additional referrals for substance abuse treatment are also available through community resources such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon, Narcotics Anonymous (NA), intensive outpatient chemical dependency treatment; and inpatient hospitalization for chemical dependency.

Where to Get Help:

Health Service Staff: 207-725-3770
Counseling Service Staff: 207-725-3145

Community Resources:

Alcoholics Anonymous for Bath-Brunswick, Hotline 1-800-737-6237
Addiction Resource Center, Brunswick, 800-244-3805
Geno Ring, LDAC, 207-319-4104

Inpatient Rehabilitation Services:

Mercy Hospital, Portland, 207-879-3600

Section II: Campus and Community Life and Activities

A. Residential & Student Life Policies

- COVID-19 Health and Safety
- Accommodation Procedures for Students with Disabilities
- Residential Life Policies
- Guest Policy
- Use of College Property
- Off-Campus Housing Policy
• Alcohol and Other Substances Use and Abuse
• Social Events and Gatherings
• On-Campus Noise Policy
• Facilities Management Policies: Room Condition, Damage, and Cleaning
• Student Wellness
• Return from Hospitalization

B. Student Groups

• Student Group Disciplinary Process
• Student Fundraising Policy
• Hazing Policy
• Student-Run Media
• Fraternity and Sorority Membership Policy
• Publicity, Posters, and Solicitation on Campus

C. Safety & Security Policies

• Weapons Policy
• Clergy Act
• Parking Policy

Drug Free School and Communities Act (DFSCA) and Drug Alcohol Prevention Program (DAPP)
The College has combined the DFSCA and DAPP into one document called Bowdoin College’s Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Biennial Review of the Bowdoin College Drug and Alcohol Prevention Program for Academic Years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019. To review this document, contact Residential Life at 207-725-3225.

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE ACT
The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 requires recipients of federal monies to provide and maintain a drug-free workplace. In compliance with this federal provision, students and employees should review the College’s alcohol and illegal drug policies for a detailed description of standards of conduct, health risks, community resources for support and treatment, and institutional disciplinary and criminal sanctions.

Bowdoin has no intention of intruding into the private lives of its employees; however, the College does retain the right and responsibility to expect both students and employees to conduct themselves in a manner that will not jeopardize the health and safety of others. Some of the drugs that are illegal under state and/or federal law include marijuana, heroin, hashish, cocaine, hallucinogens, and depressants and/or stimulants when not prescribed for medical care. As part of the drug-free awareness program, Bowdoin will continue to advise and inform students and employees of the dangers of drug use and abuse in the workplace. Upon request, Bowdoin will offer non-financial assistance to students and employees seeking treatment or rehabilitation services. Referrals for assistance are available from Counseling Services or the Employee Assistance Program.

COUNSELING AND TREATMENT
The Bowdoin College Counseling Service is staffed by mental health professionals trained in psychiatry, psychology, social work, and counseling who are prepared to assist students experiencing difficulties related to the use of alcohol or drugs. Counseling Services provides two free confidential sessions with an off-campus licensed alcohol and drug counselor to any student who thinks their alcohol or drug use may be problematic. Students may also consult with the licensed substance abuse counselor or another clinician at Counseling Services if they are concerned about a friend or family
member’s alcohol or drug use. Counseling Services staff also meets with students who are mandated for a three-session alcohol and drug evaluation with a licensed alcohol and drug counselor. Typically, the Office of the Dean of Students initiates these referrals following a series of alcohol/drug related infractions. In this case, students are responsible for the alcohol and drug evaluation fee ($300) and a report will be generated at the conclusion of the assessment that will be sent to Counseling Services where it will remain confidential. Only a brief summary will be shared with the Office of the Dean of Students to verify that a student has been evaluated and that a treatment or follow up plan is in place.

Additional referrals for substance abuse treatment are also available through community resources such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon, Narcotics Anonymous (NA), intensive outpatient chemical dependency treatment; and inpatient hospitalization for chemical dependency.

Employee Alcohol and drug policy
Bowdoin College retains the right and responsibility to expect each employee to report to work and to perform his/her duties in a manner that will not jeopardize the health and safety of co-workers or students. Any employee who is in the workplace or is working while under the influence of alcohol or drugs (beyond appropriate prescription usage) is subject to disciplinary action, up to and including immediate termination of employment. In addition, employees should consult their personal physician to determine any workplace safety concerns associated with the use of prescribed medications. In the event prescription drug use may affect the ability of the employee to perform his/her duties or perform these duties in a safe manner, the employee should obtain a note from the prescribing physician. The note must identify any restrictions on regular work activities due to the drug or its side effects. Please refer to the Drug-Free Workplace Policy.

If a supervisor has reason to believe that an employee is under the influence of alcohol or drugs while in the workplace, (e.g., irregular behavior, slurring of words, extreme drowsiness, etc.), the supervisor may, upon consultation with a higher-level manager or Human Resources, relieve the employee of work responsibilities for that day. Supervisors should work with Human Resources to determine the appropriate next steps including the need for disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

All employees are expected to follow Maine laws on alcohol use when serving alcohol in an official capacity or when consuming alcohol at a College sanctioned business meeting or event.

Where to Get Help

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<tr>
<th>Campus Resources</th>
<th>Community Resources</th>
<th>Inpatient Rehabilitation Services</th>
<th>Employee Assistance Program</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bowdoin College Health Services</td>
<td>Central Service Office - Alcoholics Anonymous</td>
<td>Mercy Hospital, Portland 207-879-3600</td>
<td>Anthem EAP 1-800-647-9151</td>
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<td>207-725-3770</td>
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Marijuana Legalization in Maine
Recreational marijuana became legal in Maine on January 30, 2017. Regardless, the use or possession of marijuana is not permitted on Bowdoin College property. The Recreational Marijuana in Maine Law allows an individual (over the age of 21) to possess as much as 2.5 ounces of marijuana. One ounce of marijuana is the equivalent of about 60 marijuana cigarettes, or joints. You can also give a friend up to 2.5 ounces if you do not take anything in return. The law prohibits using marijuana in public, whether you smoke it or eat it. You could be fined up to $100 for using marijuana in public. As with alcohol, students under the age of 21 who are found in possession, using, or selling marijuana are in violation of state law and the College’s alcohol and drug policy and are subject to disciplinary action. These violations will be counted in the College’s annual Clery crime statistics.
Illicit/Illegal and Misuse of Prescription Drug Effects

Illicit drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine, inhalants, hallucinogens, crack, and prescription-type psychotherapeutic drugs used for non-medical purposes. Long-term use of psychotherapeutic drugs can lead to physical dependence and addiction. Prescription drugs commonly used or abused for non-medical purposes include opioids, central nervous system depressants, and stimulants. Drug abuse can impact the course of cardiovascular disease, stroke, cancer, HIV/AIDS, hepatitis, and lung disease. Some of these effects occur when drugs are used in high doses or after prolonged use, however, some happen after a sole use. Women who use drugs often suffer from other health problems, sexually transmitted diseases, and mental health problems, such as depression. Substance use during pregnancy can have a significant impact of fetal growth and development.

Source: Maine.gov/substance abuse

Driving and Drugs in Maine

A drug is a substance that changes your feelings, perceptions, and behavior when you use it. Once under the influence of a drug, you become a poor judge of your ability to drive. On some drugs, other sensations and feelings become more important to you than the road. On others, you become numb to your surroundings, and less and less able to deal with the risks and details of driving.

Maine has trained police officers to detect the presence of drugs other than alcohol in impaired drivers. The Drug Evaluation and Classification Program provides the evidence needed to successfully prosecute drivers for operating under the influence. The presence of abused drugs or controlled substances in the system can be used as evidence of impairment. For more information visit the Driving and Drugs in Maine webpage of the Maine.gov site.

Synopsis of Maine State Alcohol Laws

Operating Under the Influence (OUI):

- The State of Maine prohibits drivers with a .08 percent blood alcohol concentration (BAC) or above from operating a motor vehicle. This criminal offense is called an OUI (Operating Under the Influence) in the State of Maine. The .08 BAC limit is the standard measurement used in all states for the "impaired" driver. The State of Maine has special laws for drivers under the age of 21 and commercial drivers. If you are under the age of 21 and have been found operating a motor vehicle with any alcohol in your system, your driver’s license will be suspended for at least 1 year. Maine has “zero tolerance” for minors that drink and drive.

Zero Tolerance Law (for minors):

- A person under 21 years of age who is found operating, or attempting to operate, a motor vehicle with ANY measurable amount of alcohol in their system, will lose their license for one year. Refusing to take a blood alcohol test will result in loss of license for at least 18 months. If there was a passenger under 21 years of age in the vehicle, an additional 180-day suspension will be imposed. Drivers under age 21 with a BAC of .08% or more can be prosecuted for the criminal offense of OUI, but the minimum one-year license suspension will be imposed, regardless.

Illegal Possession of Alcohol by a Minor:

- It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 to possess liquor or imitation liquor, except if it is in the scope of their employment or in a home in the presence of their parent or legal guardian.

Consumption of Liquor:

- It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 to consume liquor or imitation liquor, except if it is in a home in the presence of their parent or legal guardian.

Illegal Possession/Consumption – Penalties:

- Civil Violation - minors
- 1st Offense - $200-$400
- 2nd Offense - $300-$600
- 3rd Offense - $600
- Individuals who are 17 years of age – juvenile crime (non-arrest)

Drinking in Public:
• A person is guilty of drinking in public if the person drinks liquor in any public place within 200 feet of a notice posted by the owner or authorized person that forbids drinking in public or after being forbidden to do personally by a law enforcement officer. Drinking in public is a Class E crime.

**Furnishing or Allowing Possession of Liquor or Imitation Liquor:**
• It is unlawful to furnish liquor or imitation liquor to a minor or allow a minor to possess liquor or imitation liquor on a premise under one’s control.

**Furnishing or Allowing Possession of Liquor or Imitation Liquor – Penalties:**
• Fines from $500-$2000
• Possible jail sentence of 6 to 12 months
• In cases of death or serious bodily injury, an individual can be charged with a felony that could result in a jail sentence of up to 5 years and fines up to $5000.

**Furnishing Liquor to a Visibly Intoxicated Person:**
• It is unlawful to furnish liquor to a visibly intoxicated person. A violation is a Class E crime.
• Penalty – Up to a $500 fine and/or up to 6 months in jail.

**Maine Liquor Liability Act:**
• Any individual who recklessly of negligently serves liquor to a minor or visibly intoxicated person and the service causes property damage, bodily injury, or death to a third party, damages of up to $350,000 plus medical expenses can be awarded.

**ALCOHOL POISONING**
The Bowdoin College Office of Safety and Security is committed to your health and safety first. We have a relationship with our student body that is based on trust and mutual respect. Students will usually be the first to see that a fellow student is in danger from the abuse of alcohol or other drugs. Students should never hesitate to call the office of safety and security at 207-725-3500. We rely on you. We are here to help our students and keep them safe.

**How alcohol poisoning can be fatal:**
• Intoxication increases the gag reflex. An intoxicated person who has passed out can choke on their own vomit.
• Alcohol is a depressant, inhibiting the brain’s ability to function. When a person has consumed too much alcohol the brain will start to shut down. Extremely intoxicated people may stop breathing or their heart may stop beating.
• Because it takes time for alcohol to enter the blood stream, some people tend to drink more than their body can manage because they do not yet feel the effects.

**Signs and Symptoms of Alcohol Poisoning:**
• Unconscious or semiconscious
• Breathing at a rate of 8 breaths per minute or slower
• Breaths come every 8 seconds or slower
• Skin is cold, clammy, bluish, and/or pale
• Confused or altered mental state
• Vomiting
• Seizures

**What to do for someone with alcohol poisoning:**
• NEVER leave the person alone
• Do not allow the person to “sleep it off”
• To avoid choking, have the person lie down on his side or on his stomach
• Have someone get the Proctor/RA on duty
• Have someone call Security at 207-725-3500 (X3500)
• Keep the person awake. If the person falls asleep or passes out, wake them up
• Do not give the person any medications; mixing medicine with alcohol can be fatal

**Safe Drinking Advice:**
• Never leave your drink unattended or with someone you do not know and trust.
- Know who is pouring your drink and watch them pour it.
- Do not drink anything that has an abnormally salty taste. The drink might contain GHB, a known date rape drug.
- Do not drink anything that appears abnormally cloudy, because it could contain a drug.
- Alternate drinking alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages. This will help keep you hydrated and allow your body time to process the alcohol.
- Eat well. Food absorbs some of the alcohol and slows its entry into the bloodstream.
- Go to parties with trusted friends who can be counted on to watch out for one another and see that you arrive home safely.
- Use a sober designated driver or invite a friend who agrees to stay sober.

If you suspect a friend might have alcohol poisoning, get help immediately by calling Safety and Security at 207-725-3500.

What are date rape drugs?
These are drugs that are sometimes used to assist a sexual assault. Sexual assault is any type of sexual activity that a person does not agree to. It can include touching that is not okay; putting something into the vagina; sexual intercourse; rape; and attempted rape. These drugs are powerful and dangerous. They can be slipped into your drink when you are not looking. The drugs often have no color, smell, or taste, so you cannot tell if you are being drugged. The drugs are powerful and can make you become weak and confused -- or even pass out -- so that you are unable to refuse sex or defend yourself. If you are drugged, you might not remember what happened while you were drugged. Date rape drugs are used on both females and males. The term "date rape" is widely used. But most experts prefer the term "drug-facilitated sexual assault." These drugs also are used to help people commit other crimes, like robbery and physical assault. They are used on both men and women. The term "date rape" also can be misleading because the person who commits the crime might not be dating the victim, it could be an acquaintance or stranger.

The three most common date rape drugs are:
- **Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid** (aka: GHB, Liquid Ecstasy) is considered a legal drug prescribed for sleep and anesthesia before surgery.
- **Ketamine** (aka: Special K) is a legal drug used for anesthesia in humans and animals.
- **Rohypnol** (aka: Roofies) Flunitrazepam is considered an illegal drug in the U.S.

Note: The club drug “Ecstasy” (MDMA) has also been used to commit sexual assault. It can be slipped into someone’s drink without the person’s knowledge. Also, a person who willingly takes ecstasy is at greater risk of sexual assault. Ecstasy can make a person feel "lovey-dovey" towards others. It also can lower a person’s ability to give reasoned consent. Once under the drug’s influence, a person is less able to sense danger or to resist a sexual assault.

Source: [www.medicinenet.com](http://www.medicinenet.com)

Is alcohol a date rape drug? What about other drugs?
Any drug that can affect judgment and behavior can put a person at risk for unwanted or risky sexual activity. Alcohol is one such drug. In fact, alcohol is the drug most commonly used to help commit sexual assault. When a person drinks too much alcohol:
- It is harder to think clearly.
- It is harder to set limits and make good choices.
- It is harder to tell when a situation could be dangerous.
- It is harder to say "no" to sexual advances.
- It is harder to fight back if a sexual assault occurs.
- It is possible to blackout and to have memory loss.

Even if a victim of sexual assault drank alcohol or willingly took drugs, the victim is NOT at fault for being assaulted. You cannot "ask for it" or cause it to happen.

How can I protect myself from being a victim?
• Do not accept drinks from other people.
• Open containers yourself.
• Always keep your drink with you, even when you go to the bathroom.
• Do not drink from punch bowls or other common, open containers. They may already have drugs in them.
• If someone offers to get you a drink from a bar or at a party, go with the person to order your drink. Watch the drink being poured and carry it yourself.
• Do not drink anything that tastes or smells strange. Sometimes, GHB tastes salty.
• If you realize you left your drink unattended, pour it out.
• If you feel drunk and have not drunk any alcohol -- or, if you feel like the effects of drinking alcohol are stronger than usual -- get help right away.

What should I do if I think I have been drugged and raped?
• Get medical care right away. Call 911 or have a trusted friend take you to a hospital emergency room. Do not urinate, douche, bathe, brush your teeth, wash your hands, change clothes, or eat or drink before you go. These things may give evidence of the rape. The hospital will use a "rape kit" to collect evidence.
• Ask the hospital to take a urine (pee) sample that can be used to test for date rape drugs. The drugs leave your system quickly. Rohypnol stays in the body for several hours and can be detected in the urine up to 72 hours after taking it. GHB leaves the body in 12 hours. Do not urinate before going to the hospital.
• Do not pick up or clean up where you think the assault might have occurred. There could be evidence left behind -- such as on a drinking glass or bed sheets.
• Get counseling and treatment. Feelings of shame, guilt, fear and shock are normal. A counselor can help you work through these emotions and begin the healing process. Calling a crisis center or a hotline is a good place to start. One national hotline is the National Sexual Assault Hotline at 1-800-656-HOPE.

Federal Drug Laws
The possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are provided for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of Federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

a) Denial of Federal Benefits 21 U.S.C. 862: A federal drug conviction may result in the loss of federal benefits, including school loans, grants, scholarships, contracts, and licenses. Federal drug trafficking convictions may result in denial of federal benefits for up to 5 years for a first conviction, 10 years for a second conviction, and permanent denial of Federal benefits for a third conviction. Federal drug convictions for possession may result in denial of federal benefits for up to 1 year for a first conviction and up to 5 years for subsequent convictions.

b) Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate 21 U.S.C. 853: Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than 1 year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars, and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure is issued, and property is seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

c) Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties 21 U.S.C. 841: Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The list below is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are twice as severe. If death or serious bodily injury results from the use of a controlled substance which has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance faces a mandatory life sentence and fines ranging up to $8 million. Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a university (21 U.S.C. 845a) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year.

d) Federal Drug Possession Penalties: Persons convicted on federal charges of possessing any controlled substance face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a mandatory fine of no less than $1,000 up to a maximum of $100,000. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of $2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of $5,000.
MISSING STUDENT POLICY

Bowdoin College will actively investigate any report of a missing student and take appropriate action to ensure all notifications and actions comply with legal mandates. Investigation of such reports will be initiated immediately, and procedures will be governed by federal, state, and local law, as well as internal Office of Safety and Security standard operating procedures.

Missing Student Policy

1. Policy Administration
   a. Emergency Contact Designation - Each matriculated Bowdoin College student must pre-identify an emergency contact for any situation deemed an emergency with respect to a student’s well-being. Prior to the start of each semester, all Bowdoin College students are required to complete the emergency contact fields when submitting the online enrollment form, found at the Office of the Registrar. At any time during the school year, students may update this information by obtaining and submitting a form at the Registrar’s Office in Moulton Union. This form may also be downloaded through links found on both the Registrar and Office of Safety and Security’s web page. For the purposes of this policy, the emergency contact would be notified in the event that a determination is made by campus or local authorities that the student is “missing” for a period of more than 24 hours. Not later than 24 hours after the time that the student is determined to be missing, the College is legally required to notify a custodial parent or guardian of any student who is under 18 years of age, and not an emancipated individual. Emergency contact information will be held confidentially for use by the institution and shared only on a need-to-know basis in the best interest of the student’s welfare.

   b. Inter-Departmental Coordination - Due to the need for data collection, timely communications, student management, and individual and campus-wide safety and security, the procedures for implementing this policy require close coordination among the Office of the Registrar, the Office of the Dean of Students, and the Office of Safety and Security.

2. Policy Procedures
   a. Investigation/Determination of Missing - Without delay, the Office of Safety and Security will initiate an extensive missing person investigative process, as outlined in the CEMP Missing Person Domestic and International Incident Action Plan. The Plan contains checklists and investigative strategy to gather all pertinent report information to ascertain the gravity of the situation and further investigate. Engaging non-College authorities and resources in the investigation of a missing student report will be at the discretion of the Director of the Office of Safety and Security. While the Director will work closely with all appropriate Departments, and, when appropriate, law enforcement agencies, to investigate the students’ whereabouts, the final determination of a student as “missing” will be made by the Director, who will then ensure that the appropriate internal and external notifications are made.

   b. Notifications Upon Determination of “Missing” - Upon the Director’s determination that a student is missing, the appropriate law enforcement agencies will be notified of the missing person status within 24 hours, if not sooner. Also, during this timeframe, the Director will coordinate with the Dean of Students to ensure that notification is made to the student’s designated emergency contact. If, at any point during this process, a potential real threat to campus constituencies is identified, the Director will initiate the dissemination of appropriate information and actions necessary to safeguard the campus community. Procedures outlined in the Campus Emergency Management Plan will be employed.

   c. Action by the Office of the Dean of Students - When the Office of the Dean of Students is made aware of a concern that a student may be “missing” or non-responsive to attempts to be contacted, appropriate action will be taken to assist with locating the student, including coordination with the Office of Safety and Security and other College resources.
**WEAPONS POLICY**

Bowdoin College regulates the possession and use of weapons on campus and prohibits the possession of weapons in campus buildings and on grounds.

This policy applies to any device which can expel a projectile and/or other dangerous weapons including knives,* guns, explosives, bows and arrows, swords, tasers, or other items, which, in their intended use, are capable of inflicting severe injury, such as mace or pepper spray.

Because these weapons may pose a clear risk to persons and property on the campus, violation of the regulations may result in disciplinary action from the College and/or prosecution under the appropriate state or federal laws.

No person shall be permitted to carry firearms or other weapons, concealed, or not concealed, with or without a concealed weapon permit, while on properties owned or controlled by the College.

Any person who uses or wields an object as a weapon with the intent to cause, or actually causes, or inflicts severe injury, such as a baseball bat, shall be referred to disciplinary action and held accountable under this policy as if the item were a weapon.

**Search and Seizure**

The Executive Director of the Office of Safety and Security or designee may search College property, including vehicles parked on College property, and/or seize any weapon discovered on campus property that they deem to present a danger to the campus community.

**Storage**

In limited circumstances, prior to arrival to campus, students may request special permission to store a weapon needed for off-campus activities, or specialized training activities, with the Office of Safety and Security. Examples include, but are not limited to, hunting guns, biathlon rifles, weapons for EMS or other specialized training.

To request permission to store a weapon please contact the Executive Director of Safety and Security at (207) 725-3458.

The Executive Director of the Office of Safety and Security has sole discretion to deny storage and/possession of any weapon on campus property which they deem to present a danger to the campus community.

The Office of Safety and Security reserves the right to refuse any weapon to an individual if, at the time of pick up, the individual is believed to be under the influence of any drug or intoxicating substance, or if an officer believes the individual's judgment is impaired to the extent that the person may pose a threat to himself/herself or others. The Office of Safety and Security is not responsible for items damaged or lost.

*Prohibited knives include, but are not limited to, any knife with a blade length of more than four inches, any knife with a blade that opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife, or any knife having a blade that opens or falls or is ejected into position by the force of gravity, or by an outward, downward or centrifugal thrust or movement.
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY AND ACCESS TO RELATED INFORMATION

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000 (section 1601 of Public Law 106-386), which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as required under State law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student.

The Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA) Title 1 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (AWCPSA) established a comprehensive, national sex offender registration system called the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA). SORNA aims to close the potential gaps and loopholes that existed under prior laws, and to strengthen the nationwide network of sex offender registration. All persons convicted of violations under the laws of the United States or any other state substantially similar to an offense for which registration is required shall provide to the local agency all necessary information for inclusion in the State Police Registry within ten days of establishing residence within a state. Any persons required to register shall also be required to reregister within ten days following any change of residence, whether within or outside of the state.

Non-resident offenders entering the state of Maine for employment, to carry on a vocation, or as a student attending school who are required to register in their state of residence or who would be required to register under this section if a resident of the state shall, within ten days of accepting employment or enrolling in school in Maine, be required to register and reregister pursuant to this section.

For purposes of this section “student” means a person who is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher education.

The information in the Maine Sex Offender Registry is based upon conviction data and is, therefore considered a public record. Information concerning offenders registered with the Maine registry may be disclosed to any person requesting information on a specific individual in accordance with the law. Information regarding a specific person requested pursuant to the law shall be disseminated upon receipt of an official request from that may be submitted directly to the Maine State Police or the State Police through a local law-enforcement agency.
ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY REPORT

Bowdoin takes great care on fire safety issues and has put in place several critical life safety systems. You play a key role, and we need your cooperation to ensure these systems work when we need them:

- Keep your smoke detector operable – no tampering!
- Do not block sprinkler heads or hang anything from them or from the sprinkler piping
- Do not cover a smoke detector or alarm device such as a speaker or strobe
- Keep your hallways clear—Use the cubbies, store bikes, long boards, scooters in storage rooms.
- Always evacuate if an alarm sounds, including during fire drills
- Stay alert to fire hazards

Smoke detectors are located in all rooms, hallways, and lounges in residence halls. Carbon monoxide detectors have also been installed near appropriate appliances. Any tampering with or disabling of fire alarms or other safety equipment is a violation of College policy and the law and will result in disciplinary action. Nothing poses a greater detriment to your safety and welfare than tampered equipment failing to perform its job.

When a fire alarm does sound, please evacuate the building immediately and do not reenter the building until authorized to do so by emergency personnel. While much of Bowdoin’s fire detection equipment automatically indicates an alarm in Security’s Communications Center, you should always call Security’s emergency number (x3500) or 911 to report an alarm. Always err on the side of caution and notify Security once you have safely exited the area. Once you exit the building do not congregate in front of the entryway, and report to the assigned rally point as indicated on the building evacuation plan.

A number of items are prohibited from College residence halls in order to better ensure your safety. Please do not use:

- Candles (including during power outages), incense, or smoking materials (including e-cigarettes, juuls)
- Halogen lamps
- Ungrounded (2-prong) extension cords
- Heating coils (such as in hotplates or toasters) or any source of open flame
- Storage of solid, liquid, or gas fuels Indoor use of grills (propane, charcoal, wood, etc.) or outdoor use of grills within 10 feet of a structure

If you notice any of these or other hazardous material in any residence hall, immediately contact Security, a Proctor/RA, or a housekeeper to have it removed immediately.

Beyond using prohibited items, please take care to avoid other fire hazards:

- Cooking incidents. (The most frequent cause of fires) Use stove hood if you have one!
- Holiday decorations inconsistent with College policy.
- Hallway clutter - only shoes and boots permitted in hallway cubbies or on designated mats. No shoe racks, furniture, bikes, backpacks, command hooks, sports equipment, etc.
- Blocked exits or stairwells with excess furniture and/or bicycles
- Wall hangings covering more than 50% of your wall

All students are responsible for fire safety, so please be sure to do your part. The Fire Safety policy can be found online in the 2021-2022 Code of Community Standards/Residential Life Policies.
Fire Safety Code

Fire Drills are conducted in residence halls and other campus buildings annually.

The following fire safety code and College policy violations are subject to disciplinary action either by administrative decision of a College official and/or action of the Conduct Review Board:

1. Care of Rooms, Common Areas, and Furnishings - All residents are responsible for keeping their room, suite, or apartment and all common areas in their building or apartment complex in acceptable condition in accordance with the Facilities Management Policy.

2. Cooking/Kitchen - In certain locations, the College provides cooking facilities for student use. Cooking other than by microwave outside of established kitchens is prohibited; students can use a microwave oven or coffeemaker in their room. Residents are responsible for food or other personal belongings left in the kitchen area. All food and trash must be properly disposed of, and students should check to be sure that ovens are turned off after use.

   - **Appliances permitted**: Microwave ovens of 1000 watts or less and not larger than one cubic ft. in size, Energy Star-rated refrigerators less than four cubic ft. in size, computer equipment, coffeemakers, curling and clothing irons, hair dryers, desk fans, lamps, televisions, and DVD players.
   - **Appliances not permitted**: Any appliance with exposed heating elements such as: hot plates, toasters, toaster ovens, gas stoves or burners, camping stoves, space heaters, tanning lamps, and all halogen lamps. Appliances that exceed 1000 watts, including personal air conditioners, are prohibited. Fog machines are prohibited unless prior approval from the Office of Residential Life is received. In addition, any appliance not Underwriters Laboratory (UL) approved, in poor working condition, or deemed inappropriate by the Director of Housing Operations must be removed from College spaces.

3. Fire Safety - The following fire safety code and College policy violations will be subject to sanction by administrative decision or by the Conduct Review Board, and may, if the violation results in personal injury to others, damage to College property, or is a repeat offense of the same violation, be reported to the civil authorities for prosecution or fine:

   - **Setting of a Fire**: This includes intentional or accidental fires, even those caused by cooking or smoking in approved areas.
   - **Setting off Fire Alarms**: This includes intentional or accidental fire alarms, even those caused by cooking or smoking in approved areas.
   - **Failing to Evacuate**: When an alarm sounds all occupants MUST vacate the building immediately, to remain in the building during an active alarm is a violation of state and federal fire codes. This includes all residential and academic buildings.
   - **Tampering with, Misusing, or Defeating Fire Protection Equipment**: This includes, but is not limited to removing or covering emergency exit lights or signage, hanging items of any kind from sprinkler heads or piping, propping open fire doors, disabling, or covering smoke detectors, or improperly discharging fire extinguishers or fire hoses. The improper discharge of a fire extinguisher is a significant environmental health concern due to the chemical suppressants it contains (normally consumed when properly applied to a fire) being a severe respiratory irritant, and a distinct hazard to persons with sensitive respiratory conditions.
   - **Possessing and/or Using Flammable Materials**: This includes, but is not limited to: hoverboards, smartboards, balance boards, scooters, and similar electronic devices, camp-stove fuel, fireworks, smoking materials, certain holiday decorations (see below), gasoline, paint thinners, lamp oil, lighter fluid, scented plug-ins, candles, and incense.
   - **Tampering with Any Wiring**: This includes, but is not limited to electrical equipment, building wiring, cable TV, computer wiring, or overloading electrical outlets with multiple plugs. Only UL-approved grounded (three-prong) extension cords with an integral surge protector (such as those used for computers) are allowed, ungrounded (two-prong) extension cords of any kind are prohibited.
• **Causing or Contributing to a Fire Safety Hazard:** This includes, but is not limited to: storage of materials in exits, stairwells, hallways, or passageways in any manner that obstructs egress, storing an excessive amount of waste paper or other flammable materials, having ceiling hangings of any kind, or wall hangings covering more than 50 percent of the wall space, and having an excessive amount of personal furniture in any College space. Personal furnishings must be UL-labeled for fire resistance where applicable.

• **Any violation of Town of Brunswick Fire Department regulations.**

• **Any violation of the Holiday Decorations policy, which is available in the Office of Residential Life.**

**Definitions:**

• **Fire** – Any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.

• **Fire drill** – A supervised practice of a mandatory evacuation of a building for a fire.

  Cause of Fire – The factor or factors that give rise to a fire. The causal factor may be, but is not limited to, the result of an intentional or unintentional action, mechanical failure, or act of nature.

• **Fire-Related Injury** – Any instance in which a person is injured because of a fire, including an injury sustained from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of the fire. The term person may include students, employees, visitors, firefighters, or any other individuals.

• **Fire-related death** – Any instance in which a person is killed because of a fire, including death resulting from a natural or accidental cause while involved in fire control, attempting rescue, or escaping from the dangers of a fire. Dies within one year of injuries sustained because of the fire.

• **Fire Safety System** – Any mechanism or system related to the detection of a fire, the warning resulting from a fire, or the control of a fire. This may include sprinkler systems or other fire extinguishing systems, fire detection devices, stand-alone smoke alarms, devices that alert one to the presence of a fire, such as horns, bells, or strobe lights; smoke-control and reduction mechanisms; and fire doors and walls that reduce the spread of a fire.

• **Value of Property Damage** – The estimated value of the loss of the structure and contents, in terms of the cost of replacement in like kind and quantity. This estimate should include contents damaged by fire, and related damages caused by smoke, water, and overhaul; however, it does not include indirect loss, such as business interruption.

• **On Campus Student Housing Facility** – Any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility.

**Fire Report Log**

a) An institution that maintains on-campus student housing facilities must maintain a written, easily understood fire log that records, by the date that the fire was reported, any fire that occurred in an on-campus student housing facility. This log must include the nature, date, time, and general location of each fire.

b) An institution must make an entry or an addition to an entry to the log within two business days of receipt of the information.

c) An institution must make the fire log for the most recent 60-day period open to the public inspection during normal business hours. The institution must make any portion of the log older than 60 days available within two business days of a request for public inspection.

d) The [Clery Public Fire Log](#) may be viewed online at the safety and security website.
Provisions of the **Campus Fire Safety Right-To-Know Act** require the College to:

1. **Collect statistics concerning fire reports in each on-campus student housing facility during the previous year, and annually submit to the Secretary of Education a report on same, including:**
   - Number and causes of fires reported
   - Number of fire-related injuries that required treatment at a medical facility
   - Number of fire-related deaths
   - Value of fire-related property damage

2. **Document a description of each on-campus student housing facility fire safety systems, including the fire sprinkler systems.** The **Residential Fire Drill Procedures** (part of the Residential Fire Drill Policy) from the Office of Environmental Health and Safety provides a building-by-building inventory of the campus fire safety systems. All residential buildings are equipped with sprinkler systems.

3. **Document the number of regular mandatory supervised fire drills.** Supervised fire drills are conducted by The Office of Safety and Security once per semester.

4. **Document policies or rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking, and open flames (such as candles), procedures for evacuation, and fire education and training programs provided to students, faculty, and staff.** The following guidance documents are available pursuant to this provision:
   - **Code of Community Standards**
     - Office of Environmental Health and Safety

5. **Document plans for future improvements in fire safety, if determined necessary by the College.**
   Significant updates were made to the campus fire safety systems in 2007-08, including the installation of: CO detectors in all residential spaces; ADA compliant strobes and alarms for specific students; and a wireless reporting system, to allow all campus buildings to enunciate alarms directly to the Communications Center.

6. **Make, keep, and maintain a log recording all fires in on-campus student housing facilities, including the nature, date, time, and location, and make annual reports to the campus community on such fires.**
   All campus fire reports are recorded and maintained electronically by the Office of Safety and Security in conjunction with the Office of Environmental Health and Safety.

Students and employees should report all fires to the Office of Safety and Security at 207-725-3500.

For more information, please contact:

**Randy Nichols, Executive Director**
Office of Safety and Security
207-725-3474
rnichols@bowdoin.edu

**Charly Wojtysiak**
Associate Director of Environmental Health and Safety
207-798-4132
cwojtysi@bowdoin.edu
## On-Campus Fire Report

### BOWDOIN COLLEGE - FIRES IN ON-CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING FACILITIES

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<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Category of Fire</th>
<th>Fire Related Injuries</th>
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<td>Category of Fire</td>
<td>Fire Related Injuries</td>
<td>Fire Related Deaths</td>
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<td>Candle flame ignited combustible in trash can, sprinkler activated and doused</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>Unintentional</td>
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</table>

**Fire Categories**

- **Unintentional Fire** – A fire that does not involve an intentional human act to ignite or spread into an area where the fire should not be.
- **Intentional Fire** – A fire that is ignited, or that results from the deliberate action, in circumstances where the person knows there should not be a fire.
- **Undetermined Fire** – A fire in which the cause cannot be determined.

**On-Campus Student Housing Fire Safety Informational Chart**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Building Name</th>
<th>#Annual Evacuation/drills</th>
<th>Primary Rallying Point</th>
<th>Secondary Rallying Point</th>
<th>Evacuation Plans &amp; Placards</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>RB</th>
<th>NG</th>
<th>CO</th>
<th>SPR</th>
<th>HAZ</th>
<th>Fire Extinguisher Devices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appleton Hall</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Main quad in front of Hubbard Hall</td>
<td>Traffic circle, South Campus Drive</td>
<td>X X X X X X X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baxter House</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Side Lawn between Baxter and Stowe</td>
<td>Front lawn</td>
<td>X X X X X X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boody Johnson</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Front lawn Ashby</td>
<td>Rear parking of Ashby House</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Brunswick Apartments A-B, C-D, E-J, K-L, M-O, P-O, R-X</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Brunswick quad</td>
<td>As directed by emergency personnel</td>
<td>X X X X X X</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burnett House</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>South parking lot</td>
<td>Across Page St, behind Mustard House</td>
<td>X X X X X X</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chamberlain Hall</td>
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<td>Lawn between Chamberlain and Craft Center</td>
<td>Lawn between Chamberlain and Thorne halls</td>
<td>X X X X X X</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Coleman Hall</td>
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<td>H-L Library quad</td>
<td>Traffic circle, South Campus Drive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coles Tower</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Lawn between Coles and Craft Center</td>
<td>Front lawn of Baxter House</td>
<td>X X X X X X</td>
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<td>College Street-30</td>
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<td>Lawn in front of Counseling</td>
<td>Rear parking lot</td>
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<tr>
<td>Building Name</td>
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<td>Primary Rallying Point</td>
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<td>Evacuation Plans &amp; Placards</td>
<td>SA*</td>
<td>RB*</td>
<td>NG*</td>
<td>CO*</td>
<td>SPR*</td>
<td>HAZ*</td>
<td>Fire Extinguisher Devices</td>
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<td>X</td>
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<td>Front lawn of Baxter House</td>
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<td>Main Quad</td>
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<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Moore Hall</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>Coe quad</td>
<td>East side parking area</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Front lawn</td>
<td>Ashby House parking lot</td>
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<td>Reed House</td>
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<td>East parking lot</td>
<td>West side lawn</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Russwurm House</td>
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<td>Stowe Hall</td>
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<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Stowe House Inn</td>
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<td>Rear parking lot</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Osher Quad</td>
<td>Playground across South St.</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>Winthrop Hall</td>
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<td>Main Quad</td>
<td>Main Quad</td>
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</table>

*Key

SA = Stand-alone smoke detectors present (in combination with a report-back system unless otherwise noted)
RB = Report-back detectors present, automatic alarm
NG = Natural gas detectors present
CO = Carbon monoxide detectors present
SPR = Sprinklers
HAZ = High-hazard suppression systems present (Commercial Kitchens, Chemical Storage, Electronics)
The following internal/external websites and data were used to compile the information in this report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOWDOIN COLLEGE WEBSITE LINKS</th>
<th>EXTERNAL WEBSITE LINKS</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Alcohol and Other Substance Use and Abuses Policies</strong></td>
<td>Addiction Resource Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anonymous Reporting Form</td>
<td>Central Service Office - Alcoholics Anonymous</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bicycle Registration</td>
<td>Anthem EAP</td>
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<td>Bowdoin Orient</td>
<td>Brunswick Disorderly House Ordinance</td>
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<td>Bowdoin Shuttle</td>
<td>Brunswick Police Department</td>
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<td>Campus and Community Index and Community Index</td>
<td>Civil Rights</td>
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<td>Campus Emergency Management Plan (CEMP)</td>
<td>Clery Act</td>
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<td>Code of Community Standards</td>
<td>CodeRED</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Introduction</td>
<td>Crisis Text Line</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Section I: Community and Standards</td>
<td>DEA Drug Fact Sheet</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Section II: Campus and Community Life and Activities</td>
<td>Driving and Drugs in Maine</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Section III: Administrative and Info Policies</td>
<td>Employee Assistance Program, Anthem EAP</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Section IV: Academic Policies</td>
<td>Family Crisis Services</td>
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<td>FERPA</td>
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<td>Counseling Center</td>
<td>Maine.gov/substance abuse</td>
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<td>Dean of Students Office</td>
<td>Maine Sex Offender Registry</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diversity and Inclusion</td>
<td>Medicine Net</td>
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<td>Electronic device registration</td>
<td>Mid Coast Hospital</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual Misconduct and Gender-Based Violence Policy</strong></td>
<td>National Domestic Violence Hotline</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Hazing Policy</strong></td>
<td>National Teen Dating Violence Helpline</td>
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<td>Health Services</td>
<td>Rape, Abuse &amp; Incest National Network</td>
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<tr>
<td>Human Resources</td>
<td>Recreational Marijuana in Maine Law</td>
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<td>Inclusion and Diversity</td>
<td>Sexual Assault Support Services of Mid Coast Maine</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Missing Student Policy</strong></td>
<td>Standard Response Protocol</td>
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<tr>
<td>Office of Religious and Spiritual Life</td>
<td>STOP THEFT</td>
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<tr>
<td>Office of the Dean for Academic Affairs</td>
<td>The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Office of the Registrar</td>
<td>Through These Doors</td>
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<tr>
<td>Office of Student Aid</td>
<td>VIDEO: Run. Hide. Fight. ® Surviving an Active Shooter Event</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public crime and fire logs</td>
<td>VIDEO: A NAVY SEAL REVEALS HOW TO SURVIVE AN ACTIVE SHOOTER</td>
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<tr>
<td>Residential Fire Drill Procedures</td>
<td>VIDEO: Standard Response Protocol on Campus</td>
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<td><strong>Residential Life Policy</strong></td>
<td><strong>Internal and External References</strong></td>
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<td>Safe Space</td>
<td>• Title IX Data</td>
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<td>Safety and Security website</td>
<td>• NACCOP 2019 Webinars and Handouts</td>
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<td>Student Handbook</td>
<td>• Stanley Securities White Papers</td>
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<td>Student Parking</td>
<td>• State of Maine</td>
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<td>Student Sexual Misconduct and Gender-Based Violence Policy</td>
<td>• The Handbook for Campus Safety 2016</td>
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<td>Timely Warnings and Security Alerts</td>
<td><strong>Title IX Policy – Student and Employee</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Brunswick Disorderly House Ordinance</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Crisis Text Line</strong></td>
<td><strong>Brunswick Police Department</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>DEA Drug Fact Sheet</strong></td>
<td><strong>Civil Rights</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Driving and Drugs in Maine</strong></td>
<td><strong>Clery Act</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Employee Assistance Program, Anthem EAP</strong></td>
<td><strong>CodeRED</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Family Crisis Services</strong></td>
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<td><strong>FERPA</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Maine.gov/substance abuse</strong></td>
<td><strong>Driving and Drugs in Maine</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Maine Sex Offender Registry</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Mid Coast Hospital</strong></td>
<td><strong>Family Crisis Services</strong></td>
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<td><strong>National Domestic Violence Hotline</strong></td>
<td><strong>FRC Public Crime and Fire Logs</strong></td>
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<td><strong>National Teen Dating Violence Helpline</strong></td>
<td><strong>Residential Fire Drill Procedures</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Rape, Abuse &amp; Incest National Network</strong></td>
<td><strong>Safe Space</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Sexual Assault Support Services of Mid Coast Maine</strong></td>
<td><strong>Student Handbook</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Standard Response Protocol</strong></td>
<td><strong>Student Parking</strong></td>
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<td><strong>STOP THEFT</strong></td>
<td><strong>Student Sexual Misconduct and Gender-Based Violence Policy</strong></td>
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<td><strong>The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Through These Doors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Title IX Data</strong></td>
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<td><strong>VIDEO: Run. Hide. Fight. ® Surviving an Active Shooter Event</strong></td>
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<td><strong>VIDEO: A NAVY SEAL REVEALS HOW TO SURVIVE AN ACTIVE SHOOTER</strong></td>
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<td><strong>VIDEO: Standard Response Protocol on Campus</strong></td>
<td><strong>Testimonials</strong></td>
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Commendations, Complaints, and Inquiries

Your opinion matters to us. If you have a commendation, complaint, or inquiry, you may complete this online form. Commendations will be shared with the officer or department, complaints will be taken seriously and managed efficiently, and inquiries will be answered promptly by a member of the Office of Safety and Security.

Bowdoin College is a member of the International Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators (IACLEA) and the Maine College and University Security Directors Association (MCUSDA) for operational coordination, support, and training.

Please Note: The information in this publication was accurate at the time of publication. However, Bowdoin College reserves the right to make changes at any time without prior notice to any of the information, including but not limited to course offerings, degree requirements, regulations, policies, procedures, and charges. The College provides the information herein solely for the convenience of the reader and to the extent permissible by law, expressly disclaim any liability which may otherwise be incurred.

The Annual Security and Fire Safety Report for Bowdoin College is available online at Office of Safety and Security.