# A. GENERAL INFORMATION

	If yes, please prov	s to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes No ride the URL of the corresponding Web page:  loin.edu/ir/data/cds-table.shtml			
	convention, canno	ou to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic of provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have ments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine			
A1.	Mailing Address, of Street Address (if Main Phone Number WWW Home Page Admissions Phone Admissions Toll-fragger Admissions Office 04011-8441 USA Admissions Fax North Admissions E-mail If there is a separa http://www.bowd	Name of College or University: Bowdoin College Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 5700 College Station, Brunswick ME 04011-8448 USA Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country Main Phone Number: (207) 725-3000 WWW Home Page Address: www.bowdoin.edu Admissions Phone Number: (207) 725-3100 Admissions Toll-free Number Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: 5000 College Station, Brunswick ME			
A2.	Source of institutional	control (check one only)			
	Public Private (nonprof Proprietary	it)			
A3.	Classify your undergra	aduate institution:			
	Coeducational communication Men's college Women's college				
<b>A4.</b>	Academic year calenda	r			
	Semester	☐ 4-1-4			
	Quarter	Continuous			
	☐ Trimester ☐ Other (describe):	Differs by program (describe):			
<b>A5.</b> ]	Degrees offered by you	r institution			
	Certificate Diploma Associate Transfer Terminal Bachelor's	Postbachelor's certificate Master's Post-master's certificate Doctoral degree research/scholarship Doctoral degree – professional practice Doctoral degree other			

# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment**—**Men and Women** Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULI	L-TIME	PART	T-TIME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	258	249	0	0
Other first-year, degree- seeking	1	2	0	0
All other degree-seeking	610	630	0	1
Total degree-seeking	869	881	0	1
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	0	5	1	5
Total undergraduates	869	886	1	6
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	0	0	0	0
All other degree-seeking	0	0	0	0
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	0	0
Total graduate	0	0	0	0

Γotal all undergraduates:1,762	
Γotal all graduate:0	
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:	1.762

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic/Latino should be reported only on the Hispanic/Latino line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic/Latino multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	19	60	64
Hispanic/Latino	65	211	211
Black or African American, non- Hispanic/Latino	23	89	89
White, non- Hispanic/Latino	320	1,141	1,148
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic/Latino	1	2	2
Asian, non- Hispanic/Latino	37	128	128
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non- Hispanic/Latino	0	3	3
Two or more races, non- Hispanic/Latino	34	108	108
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	8	9	9
Total	507	1,751	1,762

#### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2009, to June 30, 2010.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	_456_
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
Doctoral degrees – other	

#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2010 Web-based survey.

### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2004 cohort if available. If Fall 2004 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2003 cohort.

<u>Fall <mark>2003</mark> Cohort</u>	<u>Fall <mark>2004</mark> Cohort</u>
Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or	Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or
equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who	equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who

entered in Fall_2003. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2003.	entered in Fall 2004. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2004.
<b>B4.</b> Initial 2003 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	<b>B4.</b> Initial 2004 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:470
<b>B5.</b> Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	<b>B5.</b> Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
<b>B6.</b> Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	B6. Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:470(Subtract question B5 from question B4)
<b>B7.</b> Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2007):	<b>B7.</b> Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2008): 421
<b>B8</b> . Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008):	<b>B8</b> . Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):15
<b>B9.</b> Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):	<b>B9.</b> Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):
<b>B10</b> . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	B10. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):437
<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for 2003 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): %	<b>B11.</b> Six-year graduation rate for 2004 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):93 %
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2007 cohort if available. If 2007	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2006 cohort
2006 Cohort	<u>2007</u> Cohort
<b>B12</b> . Initial 2006 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	<b>B12</b> . Initial 2007 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
<b>B13.</b> Of the initial 2006 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	<b>B13.</b> Of the initial <b>2007</b> cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2006 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	B14. Final 2007 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions

(Subtract question B13 from question B12)	(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	<b>B15.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
<b>B16.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	<b>B16.</b> Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	<b>B17.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	<b>B18.</b> Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	<b>B19.</b> Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:	<b>B20.</b> Total transfers to two-year institutions:
<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:	<b>B21.</b> Total transfers to four-year institutions:
in Fall 2009 (or the preceding summer term). The initial coho	
institution as freshmen in Fall 2009 (or the preceding su of the date your institution calculates its official enrollm	immer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as ment in Fall 2010?94 %

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

		4 •	
Αn	mli	cati	nnc
7 T M	, 1717	cuu	OIL

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of d applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2010. who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should in requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed act one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students	Include early decision, early action, and students include only those students who fulfilled the ionable applications) and who have been notified of a waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant)
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	2,582 3,436
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	588 595
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	260 0
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	250 0
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requi contingent on space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes  If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2010 admissions:	_
Number accepting a place on the waiting list I	NA NA NA
<del></del>	NA NA
Admission Requirements  C3. High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion re  High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  High school diploma or equivalent is not required	equirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-pre	eparatory program for degree-seeking students?
Require Recommend Neither require nor recommend	

**C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.** Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	<b>Units Recommended</b>
Total academic units		20
English		4
Mathematics		4
Science		4
Of these, units that must be lab		3
Foreign language		4
Social studies		4
History		
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

## **Basis for Selection**

C6.	. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED	)
	equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, ci	heck
	which applies: Bowdoin does not have an open admission policy.	

Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	
other (explain)	

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

degree-seeking (freshman) admission	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
	, cry important	importunit	Consider ou	1100 Collisiant Ca
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record				
Class rank				
Academic GPA				
Standardized test scores				
Application Essay				
Recommendation				
Nonacademic	_	_		_
Interview				
Extracurricular activities				
Talent/ability		Ц		Ц
Character/personal qualities				
First generation				
Alumni/ae relation				
Geographical residence				
State residency				
Religious affiliation/commitment				
Racial/ethnic status	片			
Volunteer work	님			
Work experience	님			
Level of applicant's interest				

# **SAT and ACT Policies**

C8.	Entrance	exams
$\sim$ 0.	Linu ance	CAUIIIS

A. Does your institution make use of S degree-seeking applicants? <b>Ye</b>		or SAT Subject T	Test scores in <b>ad</b> n	<b>nission</b> decisions f	for first-time, first-yea	ır,
If yes, place check marks in the appropriate <b>Fall 2012</b> .	oriate boxes	below to reflect	your institution's	policies for use in	admission for	
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used	
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or			Some	Submitted		
ACT SAT Subject Tests						
B. If your institution will make use of t Fall 2012, please indicate which ONE admissions process):  ACT with Writing component recoX_ ACT with or without Writing component C. Please indicate how your institution	of the follow uired ommended.	wing applies (reg	ardless of whethe	er the writing score	e will be used in the	r
		SAT es	say ACT ess	av.		
For admission		SALES	say ACT ess	ay		
For placement						
For advising						
In place of an application es	sav					
As a validity check on the ap		ssav 🗆				
No college policy as of now	pireution					
Not using essay component						
D. In addition, does your institution us _X_ yes no						
<ul> <li>E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT Latest date by which SAT Subject</li> <li>F. If necessary, use this space to clari not required of some students): ): applicants who wish to submit the I scores are required for home set</li> </ul>	Test scores ify your test SAT or Active neir scores	must be received policies (e.g., if CT scores are n as part of their	d for fall-term ad tests are recomm ot required for a	missionJanuar ended for some stadmission to Bow	y 1st udents, or if tests are doin. However,	ΔТ
G. Please indicate which tests your in	nstitution us	es for <b>placemen</b>	t (e.g., state tests	s):		
SAT						

## Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2010, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2010 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	<b>70%</b>	Number submitting SAT scores	358
Percent submitting ACT scores	33%	Number submitting ACT scores	168

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	650	750
SAT Math	660	750
SAT Writing	660	750
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	30	33
ACT Math	29	34
ACT English	30	35
ACT Writing	8	10

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	59%	56%	59%
600-699	34%	38%	33%
500-599	7%	6%	8%
400-499	0%	0%	0%
300-399	0%	0%	0%
200-299	0%	0%	0%
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	76%	82%	67%
24-29	24%	16%	31%
18-23	0%	2%	1%
12-17	0%	0%	0%
6-11	0%	0%	0%
Below 6	0%	0%	0%
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first each of the following ranges (report information).			
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating classes Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating classes Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduat Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) school	class97%_ ss100%_ class0%_ ing class0%_	Top half + bottom half = ted high school class rank:	
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, fin point averages within each of the following rafrom whom you collected high school GPA.			
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher			
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74			
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49			
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	<del></del>		
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49			
Descent who had CDA haters at 1.0 and 1.00			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0			
refeelt who had of A below 1.0	100%		
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeki Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) s  Admission Policies			
C13. Application fee			
Does your institution have an application fee?  Amount of application fee:\$60	■ Y	Yes No	
Can it be waived for applicants with financial ne	ed?	Yes No	
If you have an application fee and an on-line appl Same fee:X_ Free: Reduced:	ication option, plea	se indicate policy for stud	lents who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applican	nts with financial no	eed? <u>Yes</u> /no	
C14. Application closing date: http://www.bowdo	in.edu/admissions/a	apply/deadlines-requireme	ents.shtml
Does your institution have an application closing Application closing date (fall): January Priority date:		Yes □ No	
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for	or terms other than	the fall?  Yes No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decisi	on sent (fill in one o	only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): Other: <b>April 5</b> <sup>th</sup>	-		

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date):  No set date:  Must reply byMay 1 <sup>st</sup> or withinone week if notified thereafter  Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD):NA  Amount of housing deposit:  Refundable if student does not enroll?  Yes, in full Yes, in part
No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?  Yes
<b>C19. Early admission of high school students:</b> Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? <b>Yes</b> No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes \sum No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date  First or only early decision plan notification date November 15th
Other early decision plan closing date
For the Fall 2010 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution740  Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan226  Please provide significant details about your early decision plan. Applicants must state in writing that they wish to be considered for an Early Decision and that they will enroll if admitted. Students who are admitted Early Decision and have financial need are notified of the amount of their awards soon after they receive their Early Decision acceptance.
<b>C22. Early action:</b> Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?
☐ Yes ☐ No
If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date  Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
□ Yes □ No

## D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall	Applicants						
D1.	(If no, please If yes, may t	e skip to Section ransfer students	ransfer students?  E) earn advanced standi  Yes  No	<del></del>	rring credits earned f	from course work c	ompleted at
D2.	Provide the range 2010.	number of studer	nts who applied, were	admitted, and enro	lled as degree-seekir	ng transfer students	in Fall
		Applicants	Admitted Applica	nts Enrolled A	pplicants		
	Men	67	3	1	p p 11 cu 11 cu		
	Women	82	3	2			
	Total	149	6	3			
D3.	Indicate term Fall  Must a transi Yes  If yes, what i	☐ Winter fer applicant hav No is the minimum	sfers may enroll: Spring  re a minimum number number of credits and transfer students to a	the unit of measure	e?8 course	_	shman?
			Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
	High school	ol transcript	X	V- 1444	02 20me	- Come	
	College tra		X				
		ersonal statemen	t <b>X</b>				
	Interview			X			
	Standardize	ed test scores					X
	Statement of	of good standing	;				
	from prior	institution(s)	X				
	(on a 4.0 scale	e):	de point average is re  oint average is requir				

**D8**. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

The criteria for evaluating transfer applicants are the same as for regular applicants. A statement from the Academic Dean of the school from which the applicant is transferring and 2 academic recommendations are required. Transfer applicants are encouraged to submit creative writing samples, art work, photography, musical tapes, etc.

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	<b>Closing Date</b>	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		March 1st *	May 1st	June 1st	
Winter					
Spring					
Summer					

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?   Yes No open admission policy			
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:  * The closing date for U.S. transfer candidates is March 1st. International transfer candidates should submit their application by January 1st.  In addition to the Bowdoin application, U.S. candidates for transfer admission must submit the Transfer Student Supplement; and International candidates must submit the Transfer Student Supplement and the International Student Supplement. Financial aid is usually not available for transfer students.			
Transfer Credit Policies			
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:C			
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:  Number Unit type			
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:  Number16 Unit type course credits			
<b>D15.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:			
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:16			
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:  Most successful transfer candidates have academic records of Honors quality ("B" work or better) in a course of			

Most successful transfer candidates have academic records of Honors quality ("B" work or better) in a course of study that approximates the work that would have been done at Bowdoin. The Registrar's Office provides transfer candidates with an estimate regarding transfer credit at the time of admission, upon request, and an official evaluation will follow after updated transcripts have arrived at the Registrar's Office and been appraised by appropriate departments.

# E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available.	ailable at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
Accelerated program  Cooperative education program  Cross-registration  Distance learning  Double major  Dual enrollment	<ul> <li>☐ Honors program</li> <li>☐ Independent study</li> <li>☐ Internships</li> <li>☐ Liberal arts/career combination</li> <li>☐ Student-designed major</li> <li>☐ Study abroad</li> </ul>
English as a Second Language (ESL)  Exchange student program (domestic)  External degree program  Other (specify): * Please see below.	<ul><li>■ Teacher certification program</li><li>■ Weekend college</li></ul>
University and University of Maine, Orono; and 3-3 School, first-year seminars, summer research fellows Skills Program, Legal Studies Advisory Group, Heal options are available.	tmouth College, California Institute of Technology, Columbia Legal Studies Degree Program with Columbia University Law ships, service-learning courses, The Writing Project, Quantitative Ith Professions Advising, ESL Writing Tutor. Pass/Fail grading
<ul><li>E2. Has been removed from the CDS.</li><li>E3. Areas in which all or most students are required</li></ul>	to complete some course work prior to graduation:
Computer literacy English (including composition) Foreign languages	Humanities Mathematics Philosophy Sciences (biological or physical) Social science
each of the 5 distribution areas: 1) Mather	matical, Computational or Statistical Reasoning; 2) Inquiry in the res; 4) International Perspectives; and 5) Visual and Performing

Library Collections: The CDS publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

# F. STUDENT LIFE

F1.	1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2010 who fit the following categories:				
				Undergraduates	
	Demonstrate and from out of sta	to (avaluda intermetional/	(freshman) students		
	Percent who are from out of sta aliens from the numerator and of		89%	87%	
	Percent of men who join frateri	The state of the s	NA	NA	
	Percent of women who join sor		NA	NA	
	Percent who live in college-ow		ed housing <b>100%</b>	93%	
	Percent who live off campus or		0%	7%	
	Percent of students age 25 and		0%	1%	
	Average age of full-time studer Average age of all students (ful		18 18	20 20	
	Average age of all students (ful	n- and part-time)	16	20	
F2.	Activities offered Identify thos	se programs available at yo	our institution.		
	Campus Ministries	Literary magazine	Radio station		
	Choral groups	Marching band	Student government		
	Concert band	Model UN	Student newspaper		
	Dance Drama/theater	Music ensembles Musical theater	Student-run film society Symphony orchestra		
	International	Opera	Television station		
	Student Organization	ор <b>еги</b>	Television station		
	Jazz band	Pep band	Yearbook		
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	operation with Reserve Of	ficers' Training Corps)		
	Army ROTC is offered:				
	On campus				
	At cooperating institu	tion (name):			
	Naval ROTC is offered:				
	On campus				
		tion (name):		<del></del>	
	Air Force ROTC is offered:				
	☐ On campus☐ At cooperating institu	tion (nama):			
	☐ At cooperating institu	tion (name).			
F4.	<b>Housing:</b> Check all types of coinstitution.	ollege-owned, -operated, o	r -affiliated housing available for undergraduate	es at your	
	Coed dorms	Speci	al housing for disabled students		
	Men's dorms		al housing for international students		
	Women's dorms		rnity/sorority housing		
	Apartments for marrie	ed students Coop	erative housing		
	Apartments for sing		ne housing		
			ness housing		
	Other housing options (specify): 3 small college houses and 8 college house system houses				

# G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

<b>G0.</b>	Please provide the URL of your ins_ http://www.bowdoin.edu/studenta			
	vide <mark>2011-2012</mark> academic year costs o itution.	of attendance for the following	categories that are applicable	e to your
	Check here if your institution's 2011-2 approximate date (i.e., month/day) wh available:			
G1.	Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, a academic year (30 semester hours or 4 cost by number of credits). A full acade usually equated to two semesters, two board is defined as double occupancy charges that all full-time students must not include optional fees (e.g., parking	and room and board for a full-time 5 quarter hours for institutions the lemic year refers to the period of trimesters, three quarters, or the and 19 meals per week or the mat pay that are <i>not</i> included in tuit.	nat derive annual tuition by multitime generally extending from a period covered by a four-one-for eximum meal plan. Required fe	tiplying credit hour September to June; our plan. Room and es include only
	2011-2012 FEES	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
	PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:	\$42,386	\$42,386	
	PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition:			
	In-district:			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
	Out-of-state:			
	NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:	\$42,386	\$42,386	
	REQUIRED FEES:	\$430	\$430	
	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	\$11,654	\$11,654	
	ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	\$5,454	\$5,454	
	BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	\$6,200	\$6,200	
	Comprehensive tuition and room an fees):	d board fee (if your college cann	ot provide separate tuition and	room and board
	Other:			
G2.	Number of credits per term a studen	nt can take for the stated full-ti	me tuition _3_ minimu	m _ <b>5</b> _ maximum
G3.	Do tuition and fees vary by year of s	study (e.g., sophomore, junior,	senior)?	No
<mark>G4.</mark>	Do tuition and fees vary by undergr	aduate instructional program?	Yes	No
If v	es, what parcentage of full-time unde	proroduates now more than the	tuition and face reported in C	119

# G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

2011-2012 FEES	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$820		
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:		_	
Other expenses:	\$1,250	_	

# **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	\$823
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$823

### H. FINANCIAL AID

## Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

**Awarded aid:** The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

## Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2009-2010 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2009-2010 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for <b>items H1, H2, H2A</b> , and <b>H6</b> below:
<b>2010-2011</b> estimated or <b>2009-2010</b> final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
Federal methodology (FM)
_X_ Institutional methodology (IM)
Both FM and IM

	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	1,897,486	0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	69,140	0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	26,011,801	87,500
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	751,612	917,402
Total Scholarships/Grants	28,730,039	1,004,902
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	0	0
Federal Work-Study	479,843	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	641,339	0
Total Self-Help	1,121,182	0
Parent Loans	0	0
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	0	0
Athletic Awards	0	0

**H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	Ü	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2010 cohort)	507	1,755	7
b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who applied for need-based financial aid	298	969	0
c)	Number of students in line ${\bf b}$ who were determined to have financial need	238	800	0
d)	Number of students in line ${\bf c}$ who were awarded any financial aid	238	800	0
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	238	800	0
f)	Number of students in line $\mathbf{d}$ who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	195	648	0
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	0	0	0
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> )	238	800	0
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100%	100%	0%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$41,086	\$39,484	\$0
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line <b>e</b>	\$37,640	\$35,590	<b>\$0</b>
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$1,804	\$1,730	\$0
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$0	\$0	\$0

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time	Full-time	Less Than
		Full-time	Undergrad	Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were	32	91	0
	awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and	<b>\$1,000</b>	<b>\$1,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>
	grant aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>			
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-	0	0	0
	based athletic scholarship or grant			
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line <b>p</b>			

<b>Note:</b> These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.
Include:  * 2010 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010.  * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.  * co-signed loans.
Exclude:     * those who transferred in.     * money borrowed at other institutions.
H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 43%
H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans39%
H5. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4. \$18,229
H5a. Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.\$11,896
<b>Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens</b> (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available  Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available  Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:27
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$37,436
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$1,010,765
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:  Details at: http://www.bowdoin.edu/studentaid/filing/forms.shtml  Institution's own financial aid form  CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE  International Student's Financial Aid Application  International Student's Certification of Finances  Other: certified income statements, with entries annotated in U.S. dollars;  International (or Canadian) Business Supplement (if applicable)

## **Process for First-Year/Freshman Students**

	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:  ails at: http://www.bowdoin.edu/studentaid/filing/ FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other:
Н9.	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:  Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:  February 15 <sup>th</sup> (U.S. regular applicants); January 1 <sup>st</sup> (International regular applicants);  November 15 <sup>th</sup> (Early Decision I); January 1 <sup>st</sup> (Early Decision II)  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10	<b>0.</b> Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	<ul> <li>a.) Students notified on or about (date): April 5<sup>th</sup>, with the letter of admission</li> <li>b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no</li> <li>If yes, starting date:</li> </ul>
H11	1. Indicate reply dates:
	Students must reply by (date):May 1st or withinone weeks of notification.
	bes of Aid Available ase check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12	2. Loans
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)  Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans  Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans  Direct PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13	3. Scholarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X		Academics	X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art			Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
		ROTC			

**H15**. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below.

Bowdoin announced January 2008 that it would eliminate loans for students receiving financial aid beginning in 2008-09. To fully fund its financial aid program, including the conversion of student loans to grants, Bowdoin earmarked approximately \$22 million, or 16% of its \$140 million operating budget, in fiscal 2008-09. For the typical student receiving financial aid, the grant support from the College increased by \$4,500. This policy is still being honored and is in effect for 2011-12.

### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2010. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

*Terminal master's degree*: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	181	35	216
b.) Total number who are members of minority			
groups	36	5	41
c.) Total number who are women	89	16	105
d.) Total number who are men	92	19	111
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	3	1	4
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	181	30	211
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	0	1	1
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	2	2
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>i</b>			
must sum up to item a.)	0	2	2
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	NA	NA	NA

## I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2010 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2010 Student to Faculty ratio: \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_ to 1 (based on \_\_\_1,757\_\_\_ students and \_\_\_193\_\_\_ faculty).

### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2010 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2010. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

### Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS								
SECTIONS	91	170	58	44	12	10	0	385
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-								

**20** 

111

**54** 

**31** 

**SECTIONS** 

# J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

**Degrees conferred between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010** For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2<sup>nd</sup> major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1<sup>st</sup> majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources/environmental science			4	3
Architecture				4
Area and ethnic studies			4	5
Communication/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			2	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education				13
Engineering				14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages and literature			10	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			8	23
Liberal arts/general studies				24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			11	26
Mathematics and statistics			3	27
Military science and military technologies				28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			1	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			2	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			5	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			3	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,				43
firefighting, and protective services				4.4
Public administration and social services			22	44
Social sciences			33	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts			8	50
Health professions and related sciences				51
Business/marketing				52
History			6	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

**Admitted student:** Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska Native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

**Campus Ministry:** Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative education program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctor's degree-research/scholarship**: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-professional practice**: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-other**: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

**English as a Second Language (ESL):** A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average** (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic or Latino:** A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**International student group:** Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div.,

M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Model United Nations:** A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

**Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

**Other expenses (costs):** Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: The category used to report students or employees whose race and ethnicity are not known.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

## **Financial Aid Definitions**

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

## Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.