

x86-64 Integer Registers

%rax	%eax	%r8	%r8d
%rbx	%ebx	%r9	%r9d
%rcx	%ecx	%r10	%r10d
%rdx	%edx	%r11	%r11d
%rsi	%esi	%r12	%r12d
%rdi	%edi	%r13	%r13d
%rsp	%esp	%r14	%r14d
%rbp	%ebp	%r15	%r15d

(not pictured: **%rip** = PC)

x86-64 Virtual Registers

64-Bit Register	Lower 32 Bits	Lower 16 Bits	Lower 8 Bits
rax	eax	ax	al
rbx	ebx	bx	bl
rcx	ecx	cx	cl
rdx	edx	dx	dl
rsi	esi	si	sil
rdi	edi	di	dil
rbp	ebp	bp	bpl
rsp	esp	sp	spl
r8	r8d	r8w	r8b
r9	r9d	r9w	r9b
r10	r10d	r10w	r10b
r11	r11d	r11w	r11b
r12	r12d	r12w	r12b
r13	r13d	r13w	r13b
r14	r14d	r14w	r14b
r15	r15d	r15w	r15b

Operand Combinations

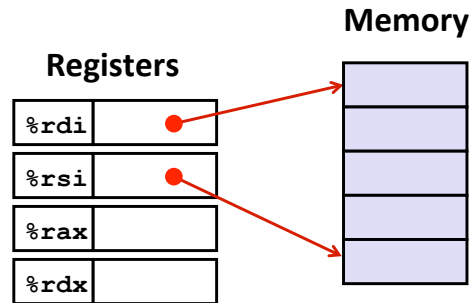
	Source	Dest	Src, Dest	C Analog
movq	Imm	Reg	movq \$0x4,%rax	temp = 0x4;
		Mem	movq \$-147,(%rax)	*p = -147;
	Reg	Reg	movq %rax,%rdx	temp2 = temp1;
		Mem	movq %rax,(%rdx)	*p = temp;
	Mem	Reg	movq (%rax),%rdx	temp = *p;

Addressing Example

```
void swap(long *xp, long *yp) {  
    long t0 = *xp;  
    long t1 = *yp;  
    *xp = t1;  
    *yp = t0;  
}
```

Understanding Swap

```
void swap
(long *xp, long *yp)
{
    long t0 = *xp;
    long t1 = *yp;
    *xp = t1;
    *yp = t0;
}
```



Register	Value
%rdi	xp
%rsi	yp
%rax	t0
%rdx	t1

```
swap:
    movq    (%rdi), %rax    # t0 = *xp
    movq    (%rsi), %rdx    # t1 = *yp
    movq    %rdx, (%rdi)   # *xp = t1
    movq    %rax, (%rsi)   # *yp = t0
    ret
```

General Memory Addressing

- Most General Form

D(Rb,Ri,S) Mem[D + Reg[Rb]+S*Reg[Ri]]

- D: Constant "displacement"
- Rb: Base register
- Ri: Index register
- S: Scale: 1, 2, 4, or 8

- Special cases

(Rb,Ri)	Mem[Reg[Rb]+Reg[Ri]]
D(Rb,Ri)	Mem[D + Reg[Rb]+Reg[Ri]]
(Rb,Ri,S)	Mem[Reg[Rb]+S*Reg[Ri]]
(,Ri,S)	Mem[S*Reg[Ri]]
D(,Ri,S)	Mem[D + S*Reg[Ri]]

Arithmetic Operations

<code>addq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest + Src</code>	
<code>subq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest - Src</code>	
<code>imulq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest * Src</code>	
<code>sarq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest >> Src</code>	Arithmetic Logical Also called <i>shlq</i>
<code>shrq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest >> Src</code>	
<code>salq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest << Src</code>	
<code>xorq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest ^ Src</code>	
<code>andq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest & Src</code>	
<code>orq</code>	<code>Src, Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest Src</code>	
<code>incq</code>	<code>Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest + 1</code>	
<code>decq</code>	<code>Dest</code>	<code>Dest = Dest - 1</code>	
<code>negq</code>	<code>Dest</code>	<code>Dest = -Dest</code>	
<code>notq</code>	<code>Dest</code>	<code>Dest = ~Dest</code>	

Arithmetic Example

`(x, y, z) -> (%rdi, %rsi, %rdx)`

```
long arith
(long x, long y, long z)
{
    long t1 = x+y;
    long t2 = z+t1;
    long t3 = x+4;
    long t4 = y * 48;
    long t5 = t3 + t4;
    long rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```

```
arith:
    leaq    (%rdi,%rsi), %rax
    addq    %rdx, %rax
    leaq    (%rsi,%rsi,2), %rdx
    salq    $4, %rdx
    leaq    4(%rdi,%rdx), %rcx
    imulq   %rcx, %rax
    ret
```