Final Review

1. REVIEW TOPICS

—Java basics
—Sorting and searching
  —linear and binary search
  —bubble sort, insertion sort, selection sort
—Linked lists
  —lists vs. arrays
  —operations on lists and analysis
  —singly LL, doubly LL, circular lists
—Program analysis
  —growth rate: big-Oh, big-Theta
  —finding the order of growth of an expression
  —analyzing running times of algorithms
  —comparing (running tim of) algorithms
—Recursion
  —simple recursion examples
  —towers of Hanoi
  —blob counting, flow, maze
  —generating permutations, subsets, subset sum
—Stacks and queues
  —functionality
  —implementation with vectors and lists
—Searching with stacks and queues
  —the general framework
  —breadth-first search and depth-first search
  —trade-offs between DFS, BFS
  —examples: missionary cannibals puzzle, maze
—Maps and hashing
  —operations supported by a map
  —hashing and collisions with chaining, open addressing
  —load factor and performance
  —what is expected of a good hash function
—Graphs
  —terminology and basic properties
  —traversal: BFS, DFS
—Trees and binary search trees
  —definition and functionality
  —computing height, level, size
  —complete binary tree: number of nodes at each level, height
  —traversals: BFS, DFS, in-order, post-order, pre-order
Final Review

—operations: search, insert, delete, min, max, successor, predecessor
—Priority queues and the binary heap
—operations supported by a priority queue, and difference to a search tree
—general idea of insert and extract-min and analysis
—sorting with a priority queue

2. COURSE OUTCOMES

After this class you should be comfortable with the fundamental computer science algorithms and data structures, be able to use them to model and solve a problem, discuss their efficiency, be able to go from concepts to details, from theory to practice and implement a problem from scratch, and be able to debug your code.

More precisely,

—Know the fundamental data structures (arrays, vectors, lists, stacks, queues, trees, binary search trees, heaps, maps, hash tables) and basic algorithmic techniques (recursion; divide-and-conquer; backtracking, breadth- and depth-first search).

—Analyse the asymptotic performance of fundamental data structures and discuss which structure is better in what circumstances and what are the trade-offs.

—Be able to use the structures as black-boxes to solve a problem at a high level of abstraction.

—Be able to implement the details of a data structure.

—Be familiar with the general ideas for sorting (insertion sort, selection sort, bubble sort, merge-sort, heap sort)

—Know the major ways to implement searching (linear search, binary search, binary search trees, hashing)

—Be able to implement your code in Java, search the Java doc files, debug and get it to work.